# МИНОБРНАУКИ РОССИИ ФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ БЮДЖЕТНОЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЕ УЧРЕЖДЕНИЕ ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ «ВОРОНЕЖСКИЙ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННЫЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ» (ФГБОУ ВО «ВГУ»)

УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии

> Цурикова Л.ٰВ. 25.04.2025 г.

#### РАБОЧАЯ ПРОГРАММА УЧЕБНОЙ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

Б1.О.13 Практический курс второго иностранного языка

1. Шифр и наименование направления подготовки/специальности:

45.03.02 Лингвистика

2. Профиль подготовки/специализация:

Теория и методика преподавания иностранных языков и культур. Испанский язык Теория и методика преподавания иностранных языков и культур. Немецкий язык Теория и методика преподавания иностранных языков и культур. Французский язык

- 3. Квалификация (степень) выпускника: бакалавр
- 4. Форма обучения: очная
- 5. Кафедра, отвечающая за реализацию дисциплины: английской филологии
- **6. Составители программы:** Сычева А.А.; Фурса Е.А.; Завьялова Л.А., к.ф.н.; Лаенко Л.В., д.ф.н., доц., проф.; Максакова Н.А.; Селезнева Е.В., к.фил.н.; Степанищева С.А.; Хайдарова Д.А., Яблокова А.С.
- 7. Рекомендована: НМС факультета РГФ, протокол № 8 от 18.04.2025 г.
- **8. Учебный год:** 2026/2027, 2027/2028, 2028/2029 Семестр: 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8

#### 9. Цели и задачи учебной дисциплины:

Целью изучения дисциплины является достижение уровня иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции в диапазоне от B1+ до B2.

#### Основные задачи дисциплины:

- 1) формирование умения аудирования, соответствующего уровню иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции в диапазоне от В1+ до В2 (понимать на слух монологическую и диалогическую речь носителя языка (телефонные послания, инструкции, лекции, новости, объявления, рассказы, речи, доклады, анекдоты, интервью, дискуссии) как с визуальной опорой, так и без нее; извлекать из воспринимаемых на слух аутентичных текстов соответствующей трудности фактическую информацию; выполнять различные задания, используя извлеченные из аудио /видео текста факты; уметь адекватно воспроизводить фрагменты прослушанных аудиоматериалов);
- 2) формирование умения чтения, соответствующего уровню иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции в диапазоне от В1+ до В2 (понимать оригинальный текст художественного и публицистического жанров; кратко излагать содержание текста с последующей формулировкой отношения к основной идее текста; понять общую идею текста, выявить конкретные факты в заданный промежуток времени; выполнить проблемные задания по содержанию текста; обсудить прочитанное с партнером и группой; дальнейшее развитие основных стратегий чтения /умения читать с общим пониманием содержания; с детальным пониманием; выделять из текста искомую информацию/; развитие умений поискового чтения /на материале текстов учебника, газетных статей, художественных текстов/; развитие умений читать разножанровые тексты /справочную литературу, переписку, художественную и публицистическую литературу, отчеты, доклады/);
- 3) формирование умения письменной речи и навыков письма, соответствующих уровню иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции в диапазоне от В1+ до В2 (развитие орфографических навыков письма; формирование навыков редактирования письменных текстов; формирование умений продуцировать письменные тексты с учетом потенциального читателя; формирование умений писать сочинения различного типа /абзацы-повествования, абзацы-инструкции, абзацы-описания, управляемые официальные письма (заявления о приеме на работу и заявления жалобы), управляемые и творческие письма неформального плана, письменные сообщения устных выступлений; писать абзацы разных типов (описательные, повествовательные, инструктивные); используя нужный стиль, лексику и грамматические структуры, соответствующие заявленному уровню ИКК, писать письмо личного и полуофициального характера, адекватное условиям общения и функции (заявление о приеме на работу, жалобу, запрос информации) на базе заданной ситуации и указанных ремарок));
- 4) формирование умения говорения, соответствующего уровню иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции в диапазоне от В1+ до В2 (развитие умений диалогической речи/ диалог-беседа на бытовые темы, диалог-рассуждение, диалог-интервью, ситуативный диалог, различные типы диалогических единств, связанные с основными речевыми актами/ и монологической речи /монолог-описание, монолог-повествование, монолог-рассуждение/; формирование умений полилогической речи /дискуссии, тематические беседы/; развитие умений публичной речи /презентация текстов, докладов, сообщений с использованием риторических приемов/; развитие умений соблюдать культурно-специфические этикетные нормы оформления речи; формирование умений инициировать общение, адекватно вступать в общение, поддерживать

разговор, завершать общение; высказывать суждения, оценки, отношение к высказываемому, обмениваться мнениями и информацией познавательно-информационного характера; развитие умений устно-речевого взаимодействия по всему спектру проблем; уметь вести подготовленную и спонтанную беседу социокультурного характера, на базе аудио-видеотекстового материала, демонстрируя грамматическую правильность, лексическую и идиоматическую насыщенность и ситуативную приемлемость речи; делать небольшие монологические сообщения на базе прочитанного, увиденного, услышанного материала с использованием соответствующего словаря, грамматического материала и стиля; уметь использовать некоторые коммуникативные функции в процессе общения (мнение, согласие/несогласие, просьба, совет, отказ, реплики, поддерживающие разговор)).

- 5) формирование фонетических навыков, соответствующих уровню иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции в диапазоне от В1+ до В2 (развитие навыков фонетического и ритмико-интонационного оформления речи; развитие навыков фонетического чтения / стихи, диалоги-образцы, пословицы);
- 6) формирование лексических навыков, соответствующих уровню иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции в диапазоне от В1+ до В2 (знать синонимы, антонимы к словам и/или их дефиниции; отличать лексику формального и неформального общения; лексику региональных вариантов изучаемого языка в пределах уровня; знать идиоматику и фразеологию изучаемого языка; использовать лексику в адекватной ситуации при обсуждении текстов, описании картинок, при монологическом и диалогическом высказывании, в дискуссиях и т.п.);
- 7) формирование грамматических навыков, соответствующих уровню иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции в диапазоне от В1+ до В2 (развитие грамматических навыков корректного и коммуникативно мотивированного использования условных предложений, сослагательного наклонения, основных видов модальных глаголов и оборотов, личных и безличных форм глагола и т.д.)
- **10. Место учебной дисциплины в структуре ООП:** дисциплина Б1.О.13 Практический курс второго иностранного языка входит в обязательную часть Блока Б1.
- 11. Планируемые результаты обучения по дисциплине (знания, умения, навыки), соотнесенные с планируемыми результатами освоения образовательной программы (компетенциями) и индикаторами их достижения:

Код	Название	Код(ы)	Индикатор(ы)	Планируемые результаты
	компетенции			обучения
ОПК-3	Способен	ОПК-3.1	Способен свободно	<b>Знает</b> литературную норму
	порождать и		порождать и понимать	изучаемого иностранного
	понимать устные		речь на изучаемом	языка.
	и письменные		иностранном языке в его	
	тексты на		литературной форме,	<b>Умеет</b> свободно и правильно
	изучаемом		включая	порождать и понимать речь на
	иностранном		профессиональное	иностранном языке в устной и
	языке		письменное и устное	письменной формах
	применительно к		общение	
	основным			Владеет навыками
	функциональным			адекватного оформления
	стилям в			продуцируемой речи в
	официальной и			соответствии с литературной
				нормой, формой и сферой

неофициальной сферах общения			общения; навыками адекватного восприятия иноязычной речи в устной и письменной формах
	ОПК-3.2	Адекватно использует лексико-грамматические, стилистические, фонетические средства изучаемого иностранного языка с соблюдением их семантической, коммуникативной и структурной связности при	Знает лексико-грамматические, стилистические, фонетические средства изучаемого иностранного языка, средства семантической, коммуникативной и структурной связности текста  Умеет продуцировать устную и
		порождении устных и письменных текстов в соответствии с языковой нормой, прагматическими и социокультурными параметрами коммуникации	письменную речь на изучаемом иностранном языке, адекватно используя лексикограмматические, стилистические, фонетические средства и соблюдая семантическую, коммуникативную и структурную преемственность между композиционными элементами текста
			Владеет правилами и конвенциями употребления разноуровневых языковых единиц и композиционных моделей, обеспечивающих когезию и когерентность текста.
	ОПК 3.3	Владеет официальным, нейтральным, неофициальным регистрами коммуникации	Знает особенности регистров речи на изучаемом иностранном языке
		и конвенциями речевого общения в иноязычном социуме, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка	Умеет распознавать основные функциональные стили в официальной и неофициальной сферах общения; использовать функционально-стилистические средства сообразно прагматическим и социокультурным параметрам коммуникации; порождать и понимать устные и письменные тексты на изучаемом иностранном языке разных функциональных стилей
			Владеет навыками устной и письменной речи на изучаемом иностранном языке в соответствии с выбранным регистром общения; конвенциями речевого взаимодействия в бытовой и

				профессиональных сферах иноязычного общения
ОПК-4	Способен осуществлять межъязыковое и межкультурное взаимодействие в устной и письменной формах как в общей, так и профессионально й сферах общения	ОПК-4.2	Владеет необходимыми интеракциональными и контекстными знаниями, позволяющими преодолевать влияние стереотипов и адаптироваться к изменяющимся условиям при контакте с представителями различных культур	Знает основные положения теории межкультурной коммуникации, принципы и правила межъязыкового и межкультурного взаимодействия в общей и профессиональных сферах общения  Умеет применять на практике полученные знания о нормах, принципах и конвенциях межъязыкового взаимодействия в условиях диалога культур; преодолевать влияние стереотипов при осуществлении межкультурного диалога; адаптироваться к изменяющимся условиям при контакте с представителями различных культур  Владеет навыками использования необходимых интеракциональных и контекстных знаний, позволяющих преодолевать влияние стереотипов и адаптироваться к изменяющимся условиям при контакте с представителями различных культур
		ОПК-4.3	Владеет конвенциями речевого общения в иноязычном социуме в устной и письменной форме, правилами и традициями межкультурного общего и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка	Знает конвенции, сложившиеся в широком спектре ситуаций институционального и бытового общения, возникающих между коммуникантами в контексте межкультурного диалога  Умеет выстраивать модели эффективного взаимодействия с представителями других культур, а также практически реализовывать смоделированные сценарии межкультурного общения с учетом сложившихся конвенций  Владеет необходимыми конвенциями речевого общения в иноязычном социуме в устной и письменной

		форме; стратегиями преодоления культурных стереотипов в общем и профессиональном иноязычном общении

**12. 12. Объем дисциплины в зачетных единицах/часах в соответствии с учебным планом** — 23 ЗЕТ / 828 часов.

**Форма промежуточной аттестации:** зачёт с оценкой, экзамен, контрольная работа. зачет с оценкой (3, 5 семестры), экзамен (4, 6, 8 семестры), контрольная работа (7 семестр)

#### 13. Трудоемкость по видам учебной работы

		Трудоемкость						
	Вид учебной		По семестрам					
	работы	Всего	3	4	5	6	7	8
			семестр	семестр	семестр	семестр	семестр	семестр
Аудиторі	Аудиторные занятия		102	108	84	80	64	60
	лекции							
в том числе:	практические	498	102	108	84	80	64	60
числе.	лабораторные							
Самосто	Самостоятельная работа		60	27	33	46	26	30
Форма промежуточной		108		36		36		36
аттестации		100		- 50				50
	Итого:	828	162	171	117	162	90	126

#### 13.1. Содержание дисциплины

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п/п	Наименование		Реализация раздела
	раздела	Содержание раздела дисциплины	дисциплины с помощью
	дисциплины		онлайн-курса, ЭУМК
	1	. Практические занятия	
2.1	Фонетика,	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/v	
	Вводно-	чтения букв и буквенных сочетаний, фонемы	iew.php?id=11693
	коррективный	и аллофоны, транскрипция и орфография.	
	курс английского	Гласные и согласные звуки. Артикуляция	
	произношения	изолированного звука речи, соединение	
		звуков в потоке речи. Ассимиляция; слог и	
		слогоделение.	
		Словесное ударение, фразовое ударение,	
		интонация.	
2.2	Грамматика	Артикль, имя существительное, имя	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/v
		прилагательное, наречие, система	iew.php?id=11693
		английского глагола, времена в	
		действительном залоге.	
2.3	Говорение.	Я, моя семья и мои друзья. Дом, жилищные	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/v
	Диалогическая и	условия. Досуг, развлечения, спорт и хобби.	iew.php?id=11693
	монологическая	Здоровье, пища, работа. Покупки.	
	формы. Бытовая	Путешествия.	
	сфера общения		
2.4	Чтение	Ознакомительное, просмотровое, поисковое.	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/v
		Домашнее чтение,	iew.php?id=11693
		.,	' '

		(адаптированная литература – рассказы английских и американских авторов)	
2.5	Аудирование	Прослушивание диалогических и монологических высказываний, вычленение информации фактологического характера из прослушанного текста. Восприятие на слух диалогической речи, в которой обсуждается какая-либо проблема. Прослушивание коротких фабульных текстов и передача их содержания в устной форме	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/v iew.php?id=11693
2.6	Письменная	Орфография: 4 типа слога, удваивание согласных в конце слова, «у» в конце слова. Омофоны. Немые согласные. Заполнение формуляров и бланков и написание личных	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/v iew.php?id=11693
		писем.	

п/	Наименование	0	Реализация раздела
П	раздела дисциплины	Содержание раздела дисциплины	дисциплины с помощью онлайн-курса, ЭУМК
	1	. Практические занятия	
2.	Фонетика, Вводно- коррективный курс английского произношения	Орфография. Словесное ударение, фразовое ударение, интонация. Основные тоны английской речи, шкала и ее составные части.	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693
2. 2	Грамматика	Времена в страдательном залоге. Нулевой, первый и второй типы сослагательного наклонения. Прямая/Косвенная речь.	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693
2.	Говорение. Диалогическая и монологическая формы.	Описание внешности. Досуг, развлечения, спорт и хобби. Здоровье, работа. Покупки. Животные.	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693
	1.Бытовая сфера общения	Учеба, работа, путешествия, туризм.	
	2.Учебно- познавательная сфера 3. Социокультурна я сфера	Мир. Толерантность к представителям других культур, наций, национальностей. Образ жизни современного человека. Мировые достижения науки и техники.	
2. 4	Чтение	Ознакомительное, просмотровое, поисковое. Домашнее чтение, интенсивное и экстенсивное (адаптированная литература – рассказы английских и американских авторов).	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693
2. 5	Аудирование	Прослушивание диалогических, монологических высказываний, вычленение информации фактологического характера из прослушанного текста. Восприятие на слух диалогической речи, в которой обсуждается какая-либо проблема. Прослушивание коротких фабульных текстов и передача их	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693

		содержания в устной или письменной форме.	
2. 6	Письменная	Написание абзацев (повествовательные), используя нужный стиль, лексику и	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693
	практика	грамматические структуры, соответствующие уровню 3 курса; Написание письма личного и полуофициального характера, адекватного	
		условиям общения и функции (заявление о приеме на работу, жалобу, запрос информации) на базе заданной ситуации и указанных ремарок (transactional letter – informal letter, letter of application and complaint).	
		Умение редактировать абзацы с орфографическими ошибками	

п/	Наименование		Реализация раздела
П	раздела дисциплины	Содержание раздела дисциплины	дисциплины с помощью онлайн-курса, ЭУМК
			onstann typea, es time
2.	Грамматика	Модальные глаголы, третий и четвертый	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/
1		типы сослагательного наклонения, герундий и инфинитив.	view.php?id=11693
2. 2	Говорение. Диалогическая и монологическая формы. 1.Бытовая сфера общения 2.Учебно- познавательная сфера 3. Профессиональна я сфера 4.	Я, моя семья и мои друзья. Дом, жилищные условия. Досуг, развлечения, спорт и хобби. Здоровье, пища, Покупки. Работа, учеба. Путешествия. Кумиры молодежи.	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693
	Социокультурная сфера		
2. 3	Чтение	Умение интерпретировать адаптированные публицистические тексты, и демонстрировать имеющиеся фоновые знания в ходе беседы по тексту; навыки анализа текста в отношении его логической структуры и последующего восстановления нарушенного порядка параграфов. Домашнее чтение, (адаптированная литература – рассказы английских и американских авторов)	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693
2.	Аудирование	Прослушивание диалогических и монологических высказываний, с целью извлечения из воспринимаемых на слух аутентичных текстов соответствующей трудности различных видов информации, в том числе:	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693

		- о мнениях коммуникантов, - о психологическом состоянии коммуникантов и их социальных характеристиках, - о причинно-следственных связях между описываемыми событиями,	
		- фактическую информацию	
2. 5	Письменная практика	-написать служебную официальную записку (report) на основе опроса общественного мнения; -написать статью (article) по заданной теме в рамках пройденного лексического материала; -уметь редактировать абзацы с орфографическими ошибками	https://edu.vsu.ru/course/ view.php?id=11693

#### 13.2. Темы (разделы) дисциплины и виды занятий

#### 1 год

Nº	Наименование темы	Виды занятий (количество часов)				
П/П	паименование темы (раздела) дисциплины	Лекции	Практиче	Самостоятель	Всего	
,	(pasposia) Ariodinis inii zi	7101147171	ские	ная работа	200.0	
1.	Фонетика, вводно-коррективный курс		40	13	53	
2.	Грамматика		39	16	56	
3.	Говорение		38	10	48	
4.	Чтение		33	16	49	
5.	Аудирование		31	15	46	
6.	Письменная практика		29	16	45	
7.	Экзамен				36	
	Итого:		210	87	333	

#### 2 год

Nº	Наименование темы	Виды занятий (количество часов)				
п/п	паименование темы (раздела) дисциплины	Лекции	Практиче ские	Самостоятель ная работа	Всего	
1.	Фонетика, вводно-коррективный курс		30	16	46	
2.	Грамматика		30	15	45	
3.	Говорение		32	12	44	
4.	Чтение		22	14	36	
5.	Аудирование		30	10	40	
6.	Письменная практика		20	12	32	
7.	Экзамен				36	
	Итого:		164	79	279	

Nº	Наименование темы (раздела) дисциплины	Виды занятий (количество часов)			
п∕п		Лекции	Практиче ские	Самостоятель ная работа	Всего
1.	Грамматика		24	13	37
2.	Говорение		27	9	36

3.	Чтение	24	15	39
4.	Аудирование	27	9	36
5.	Письменная практика	22	10	32
6.	Экзамен			36
	Итого:	124	56	216

#### 14. Методические указания для обучающихся по освоению дисциплины

Дисциплина считается освоенной, если обучающимся в полном объеме была выполнена трудоемкость учебной нагрузки, включающая в себя все виды учебной деятельности, предусмотренные учебным планом (аудиторную и самостоятельную работу).

Аудиторная работа предполагает посещение занятий и выполнение заданий, данных преподавателем. В случае пропуска практического занятия по каким-либо причинам обучающийся обязан самостоятельно выполнить соответствующее задание под контролем преподавателя во время индивидуальных консультаций преподавателя.

Задания для самостоятельной работы выполняются обучающимся в письменном виде и предоставляются преподавателю для проверки в начале занятия. В случае невыполнения задания для самостоятельной работы обучающийся обязан отчитаться о выполнении учебной нагрузки для самостоятельной работы в срок, указанный преподавателем.

#### 15. Перечень литературы, ресурсов интернет, необходимых для освоения дисциплины

#### **1 год** а) литература:

№ п/п	Источник
1.	Oxenden, Clive. New English File. Elementary: student's book / Clive Oxenden, Christina Latham-Koenig, Paul Seligson.— Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2009.— 159 p.
2.	Oxenden, Clive. New English file. Elementary: workbook key / Clive Oxenden, Christina Latham-Koenig, Paul Seligson; with Jane Hudson.— Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2008.
3.	Дроздова Т. Ю. Elementary Vocabulary + Grammar: for Beginners and Pre-Intermediate Students / Т.Ю. Дроздова Санкт-Петербург: Антология, 2012320 с URL: ЭБС http://biblioclub.ru/index.php?page=book&id=213029

#### б) информационные электронно-образовательные ресурсы (официальные ресурсы интернет):

№ п/п	Pecypc			
	Российская государственная библиотека. –			
4.	https://dvs.rsl.ru/inet/Vrr/SelectedDocs?docid=%2Frsl0100600000%2Frsl01006531000%2Frsl0			
	1006531824%2Frsl01006531824.pdf			
5.	ЭБС «Университетская библиотека онлайн»			
6.	Курс на платформе Moodle: https://edu.vsu.ru/enrol/index.php?id=11693			
7.	Курс на платформе Moodle: https://edu.vsu.ru/course/view.php?id=12026			
8.	Курс на платформе Moodle: https://edu.vsu.ru/enrol/index.php?id=11762			
9.	Курс на платформе Moodle: https://edu.vsu.ru/enrol/index.php?id=11761			

#### 2 год

#### а) литература:

№ п/п	Источник
1.	Oxenden, Clive. New English file. Pre-intermediate: student's book / Clive Oxenden, Christina Latham-Koenig, Paul Seligson.— Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2006.— 159 p.

- 2. Oxenden, Clive. New English file. Pre-intermediate: workbook / Clive Oxenden, Christina Latham-Koenig, Paul Seligson. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2006. 79 р.

  3. Голубева С.А. Практика речи: eating habits, healthy lifestyle / С.А. Голубева, Т.В. Купраш. Москва: Московский педагогический государственный университет (МПГУ), 2019. 104 с. URL: https://biblioclub.ru/index.php?page=book&id=563590 (дата обращения: 20.01.2021). Дроздова Т. Ю. Еnglish Grammar = Грамматика английского языка: Reference and Practice. Version 2.0.: учебное пособие / Т. Ю. Дроздова, В. Г. Маилова, А. И. Берестова. Санкт-Петербург: Антология, 2012. 424 с. URL: http://biblioclub.ru/index.php?page=book&id=213307 (дата обращения: 18.01.2021).
- б) информационные электронно-образовательные ресурсы (официальные ресурсы интернет):

№ п/п	Pecypc
	Российская государственная библиотека. –
5.	https://dvs.rsl.ru/inet/Vrr/SelectedDocs?docid=%2Frsl0100800000%2Frsl01008289000%2Frsl0
	1008289615%2Frsl01008289615.pdf
6.	ЭБС «Университетская библиотека онлайн»
7.	Курс на платформе Moodle: https://edu.vsu.ru/course/view.php?id=5593
8.	Курс на платформе Moodle: https://edu.vsu.ru/course/view.php?id=12111
9.	Курс на платформе Moodle: https://edu.vsu.ru/enrol/index.php?id=12469

#### 3 год

#### а) литература:

1.	Oxenden, Clive. New English file. Intermediate: student's book / Clive Oxenden, Christina Latham-Koenig.— Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2008.— 159 p.
	Oxenden, Clive. New English file. Intermediate: workbook / Clive Oxenden, Christina Latham- Koenig; with Tracy Byrne.— Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2008.— 79 p.
3.	Gairns, Ruth. Natural English: Intermediate student's book / Ruth Gairns and Stuart Redman .— Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003.— 175 p.
4.	Дроздова Т. Ю. English Grammar = Грамматика английского языка : Reference and Practice. Version 2.0. : учебное пособие / Т. Ю. Дроздова, В. Г. Маилова, А. И. Берестова. Санкт- Петербург : Антология, 2012 424 с URL: http://biblioclub.ru/index.php?page=book&id=213307 (дата обращения: 18.01.2021).

#### б) информационные электронно-образовательные ресурсы (официальные ресурсы интернет):

<b>№</b> п/г	Pervinc		
	5. ЭБС «Университетская библиотека онлайн»		
	http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/english/features/6-minute-english		
	7. Курс на платформе Moodle: https://edu.vsu.ru/enrol/index.php?id=11760		
	8. Курс на платформе Moodle: https://edu.vsu.ru/course/view.php?id=2225		

#### 16. Перечень учебно-методического обеспечения для самостоятельной работы

№ п/	/п	Источник
1		Голубева С.А. Практика речи: eating habits, healthy lifestyle / С.А. Голубева, Т.В. Купраш. – Москва : Московский педагогический государственный университет (МПГУ), 2019. – 104 с. – URL: https://biblioclub.ru/index.php?page=book&id=563590

## 17. Образовательные технологии, используемые при реализации учебной дисциплины, включая дистанционные образовательные технологии (ДОТ), электронное обучение (ЭО), смешанное обучение

При реализации дисциплины используются дистанционные образовательные технологии в части освоения материала, проведения текущей аттестации, для самостоятельной работы по дисциплине.

Дисциплина реализуется с использованием следующего программного обеспечения:

- 1. Неисключительные права на ПО Dr. Web Enterprise Security Suite Комплексная защита Dr. Web Desktop Security Suite.
- 2. Программная система для обнаружения текстовых заимствований в учебных и научных работах Антиплагиат.ВУЗ
  - 3. Программное обеспечение Microsoft Windows

#### 18. Материально-техническое обеспечение дисциплины:

/ауд. 25, 25a, 26, 27, 28, 56, 57, 58, 59, 46, 74, 81, 82, 94, 96, 98/ - возможно использование переносного оборудования (ноутбуки, мультимедиа-проекторы, экран);

/ауд. 12/ - компьютер Arbyte Tempo/AOC с выходом в интернет (12 шт.), проектор Benq MW523 (1 шт.), сканер Canon Canoscan LiDE 120 (5 шт.), экран проекционный (1 шт.);

/ауд. 14/ - проектор Benq MW523 (1 шт.), экран проекционный (1 шт.), компьютер Asus H81m-Plus с выходом в интернет (9 шт.);

/ауд. 52/ DVD+VHS Philips DVP 3100 V (1 шт.), домашний кинотеатр Aleks DR9000 (1 шт.), мультимедиа-проектор Epson EB-X18 (1 шт.), настенный экран 180\*180 (1 шт.), телевизор LCD Samsung (1 шт.), выход в интернет;

/ауд 49/ - компьютер Lenovo Idea Centre с выходом в интернет (1 шт.), мультимедиа-проектор Epson EB-95 (1 шт.);

настенный экран Lumien Master Picture (1 шт.), телевизор LCD Samsung UE-32C6620U (1 шт.), DVD-VHS Samsung (1 шт.);

/ауд. 51/ - мультимедиа-проектор NEC M300X (1 шт.), экран настенный ScreenMedia (1 шт.), ПК преподавателя/монитор Philips 223V5LSB2 (1 шт.), ПК ученика Intel Core I3-2120 3.3Gz/3M/1066, DDR 2048M6, HDD 160Gb, DVD-/+R/RW/-RAM, Video, корпус mini-ATX) с выходом в интернет, клавиатура, мышь, монитор 18,5 LCD' (15 шт.), ИБП FSP APEX 600 (16 шт.) Телевизор Philips 32" PW (1 шт.);

/ауд 56/ - телевизор Rolsen (1 шт.); DVD-VHS Samsung (1 шт.);

/ауд. 57/- DVD-проигрыватель Samsung DVD-V5600 (1 шт.), телевизор Rolsen (1 шт.);

/ауд. 48/ - DVD+VHS рекодер LG DVRK-898 (1 шт.), мультимедиа-проектор Epson EB-95 (1 шт.), настенный экран Lumien Master Picture, выход в интернет;

/ауд. 84/ - Интерактивная доска Triumpf Board 78" (1 шт.) Магнитола (бумбокс) с USB-портом (1 шт.), компьютер Core 2 ASUS P5B с выходом в интернет (1 шт.) Монитор Samsung (1шт);

/ауд.85/ - проектор Epson eb-w41, проекционный экран, компьютер с выходом в интернет, маркерная доска

#### 19. Оценочные средства для проведения текущей и промежуточной аттестаций

Порядок оценки освоения обучающимися учебного материала определяется содержанием следующих разделов дисциплины:

Nº	Наименование раздела	Компе-	Индикаторы достижения	Оценочные
п/п	дисциплины (модуля)	тенции	компетенции	средства
1.	Фонетика, Вводно-	ОПК-3	Свободно и правильно порождает и	Контрольная
	коррективный курс		воспринимает речь на изучаемом	работа № 1, 2,
	английского		иностранном языке в соответствии с	3, 4, 5 ,6
	произношения.		литературными нормами как в	

	Грамматика. Говорение. Диалогическая и монологическая формы. 1.Бытовая сфера общения 2.Учебно-познавательная сфера 3. Социокультурная сфера 4. Профессиональная сфера. Аудирование. Письменная практика.  Говорение. Диалогическая и монологическая формы. 1.Бытовая сфера общения 2.Учебно-познавательная сфера 3. Профессиональная сфера 3. Профессиональная сфера 4. Социокультурная сфера Письменная практика.	ОПК-4	устной, так и в письменной форме (ОПК-3.1)  Адекватно использует лексикограмматические, стилистические и фонетические средства изучаемого иностранного языка с соблюдением их семантической, коммуникативной и структурной связности при порождении устных и письменных текстов в соответствии с языковой нормой, прагматическими и социокультурными параметрами коммуникации (ОПК-3.2)  Владеет официальным, нейтральным, неофициальным регистрами коммуникации и конвенциями речевого общения в иноязычном социуме, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка (ОПК-3.3)  Владеет необходимыми интеракциональными и контекстными знаниями, позволяющими преодолевать влияние стереотипов и адаптироваться к изменяющимся условиям при контакте с представителями различных культур (ОПК-4.2)  Владеет конвенциями речевого общения в иноязычном социуме в устной и письменной форме, правилами и традициями межкультурного общего и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка (ОПК-4.3)	КИМ № 1,2,3,4,5,6  КИМ № 1,2,3,4,5,6
ф	Комплект практических письменных и устных заданий			

### 20. Типовые оценочные средства и методические материалы, определяющие процедуры оценивания

#### 20.1 Текущий контроль успеваемости

В соответствии с «Положением о текущей аттестации обучающихся по программам высшего образования Воронежского государственного университета» по дисциплине «Практический курс второго иностранного языка» (23 ЗЕТ) в каждом семестре проводится две текущих аттестации.

#### 1 год, 3 семестр

Оценочными средствами текущей аттестации являются задания в комплекте заданий для контрольной работы 1.

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе **первой текущей аттестации** осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №1 (тест 1):

#### Контрольная работа №1

1.	Fill in the correct country or n	Test 1 ationality.
2.	1) Argentina 2) 3) Spain 4) Mexico 5) 6) 7) Turkey 8) 9) Japan 10) Fill in the correct word.	Brazillian  Greek Finnish  Canadian  Scottish
he		spacious, cheap, e-mail, yellowish, view living-room.
	2) Tony loves	to the cinema.
	3) Please be my	pen pal.
	4) Hope to	from you soon.
	5) Rashid is a student at Mortin	mer
	6) Bob's house is	the city center.
	7) We have got a wonderful	from our balcony.
	8) This modern flat is a bargair	n. It is really very
	9) Mary is quite tall and slim. S	he is a
	10) Chinese people have usually	y got a complexion.
3.	Choose the correct item.	
	1) Beth isn't a very good stude	nt. She's very
	A rude B lazy 2) Mr. Cline works at the hospi	C clever tal. He is a(n)
	A engineer B mus 3) Is Jane's hair grey? No, it's	ician C surgeon
	A fair B wavy 4) There are two	C yellow in the bathroom.
	A sofas B mirrors 5) "	C cookers magazine is that?" "It's Karen's."

			B Who s to primary school.		<u> </u>	
			B middle-aged er's daughter. She's		<del>.</del>	
	A r 8)	nephew People from S	B niece Sweden have got	C cousin		
			B dark brown skin	•	•	
		oookcase ) I like my teach	B sink ner. She's always ve	C washbasin	·	
	Αb	oossy	C rude C pa	tient		
4.	Fill	l in the missin	g preposition.			
	1)	Prague is the	capital	th	ne Czech Republic.	
	2)	He is well-buil	lt	short fa	ir hair.	
	3)	My pan pal is		Canada.		
	4)	John lives		a huge bloc	k of flats.	
	5)	There is a love	ely poster		_ the wall.	
	6)	Is there a firep	olace	the	living-room?	
	7)	My father wor	ks	the loc	cal hospital.	
	8)	The garden is	·	the hous	se.	
5.	Fill	I in the correc	t form of the verbs	in brackets.		
	1)	A: Where	(be) Juan f	from?		
	2)	B: He A:	(be) from Spai (you/like) swimmir	n. ng?		
	3)	B: No, I Jenny	(do/not). (have/not) got	curly hair.		
	4)	She Helen usually music.	(have) got strait (watch	hair. ı) TV in the after	noons but Mark	(listens) to the
	5)	My English te	acher(	be) very patient	, but my Maths teacher	(be/not)
	6)	A:	(Phillip/live) in Ma	drid?		
	7)	B: Yes, he My father	(do). (not/get up	o) early on Satur	days.	
	8)	A:	(be) it a big house	?		

ô.	Ch	oose the correct word to fill in each gap.
he	-	ny, she, him, his, her A: Does she like tennis?
	2)	B: Yes, it's favourite sport. A: Have you got a telephone number?
	3)	B: Yes, number is 4241889. A: Does he like football?
	4)	B: Yes, it's favourite sport. A: Is Beth your sister?
	5)	B: No, is my cousin. A: Is this Doug's book?
	6)	B: Yes, give it to A: Is this Lisa's pencil?

B: Yes, there \_\_\_\_\_ (be) eight rooms in it.

#### 7. Underline the correct word.

1) My **son's/sons'** car is red.

B: Yes, it's \_\_\_\_\_.

- 2) Tina is *Lucy's and Bill's/Lucy and Bill's* aunt.
- 3) These are the *girls/girl's* bags.
- 4) Their *daughters'/daughter's* name is Kate.
- 5) Our *fathers'/father's* study is in the attic.

#### Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания — 1 час 35 мин.

#### Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

Отлично	80%-100%
Хорошо	66%-79%
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%
Неудовлетворительно	54% и менее

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используется 4-балльная шкала: «отлично», «хорошо», «удовлетворительно», «неудовлетворительно».

Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации:

Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень сформированности компетенций	Шкала оценок
Полное соответствие ответа студента всем перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических, лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы полностью, используются систематически.	Повышенный уровень	отлично
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение грамматическими, лексическими и орфографическими нормами изучаемого иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что выражается в отдельных неточностях при выполнении заданий.	Базовый уровень	хорошо
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и используются частично, что выражается в существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий контрольной работы.	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (A2).	-	неудовлетворительно

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе второй текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №1 (тест 2):

#### TEST 2

#### 1. Underline the correct word or phrase.

- 1) Mary is a(n) *early bird/night owl*. She gets up at 5 o'clock every morning.
- 2) Snakes are mammals/reptiles and they lay eggs.
- 3) Ron's job is very tiring/boring because he works long hours.
- 4) Penguins have got thick fins/feathers to keep them warm.
- 5) We always wear heavy jackets/hats when we go skiing.
- 6) Cherries are my favourite fruit/vegetables.
- 7) Use a spoon/fork to eat you soup.
- 8) John trains dolphins. He works at a(n) gym/aquarium.
- 9) When it is hot and snowy/sunny, we usually spend the day at the beach.
- 10) Sandy is really happy/bored with her new job. She likes it a lot.
- 11) Carol doesn't have any free time during/at the week.

12) Tiger are wild/farm animals. They belong to the cat family. 2. Use the words below to fill in the gaps. carton, loaf, long, chance, hours, decorate, books, home-made, rainy, funny Doctors often work long 2) The restaurant serves \_\_\_\_\_ apple pie. 3) It's a great film. Don't miss the \_\_\_\_\_ to see it! 4) I would like a of milk, please. 5) We usually \_\_\_\_\_ the Christmas tree a week before Christmas. 6) I like penguins a lot. They look very \_\_\_\_\_ when they walk. 7) Could I have a \_\_\_\_\_ of bread, please? 8) My father always a table at the Italian restaurant on Sundays. 9) I can't wear these trousers – they're too . . 10) The weather in Britain is often \_\_\_\_\_. 3. Use the prepositions below to fill in the gaps. for, of, with, on, to, from, at, in 1) Steven and Jo aren't satisfied \_\_\_\_\_ their new house. 2) My father never goes \_\_\_\_\_ bed before 12 o'clock. 3) I love going \_\_\_\_\_ long walks in spring. 4) Cows feed their babies \_\_\_\_\_ milk. 5) My mother is afraid \_\_\_\_\_ spiders. 6) Chimpanzees weigh \_\_\_\_\_\_ 35 to 60 kilos. 7) Grandma is \_\_\_\_\_ the kitchen \_\_\_\_ the moment. 4. Use numbers to write the time. 1) seven o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ 2) eight forty-five \_\_\_\_\_ 3) ten thirty \_\_\_\_\_ 4) a quarter past to \_\_\_\_\_

Blue whales (1) \_\_\_\_\_ huge mammals. They (2) \_\_\_\_ and feed them on milk. They (3) \_\_\_\_ in oceans all around the world and they (4) \_\_\_\_ plankton – tiny animals and plants that live in the sea. Blue whales can (5) very fast. They (6) up to

5) eleven twenty

5. a) Use the verbs in the list to fill in the gaps.

eat, are, live, weigh, have got, have, live for, swim

80 years.  b) Put the words in the correct order to form questions, as in the example.  1) is/animal/this/what?	, about
2) they/live/where/do?	
3) do/they/what/do?	
4) can/what/they/do?	
5) they/how much/weigh/do?	
6) small fins/have/got/they?	
7) live/they/do/how long?	

a very hig tail and small fine Blue whales (8)

ahout

#### 6. Underline the correct word or phrase.

150000 kilosl They (7)

- 1) **How much/How many** eggs do we need for the cake?
- 2) My sister **is playing/plays** in the garden at the moment.
- 3) Fish can't/doesn't sing and birds isn't/can't swim.
- 4) Grandpa watch/watches TV every evening.
- 5) Would you like **some/a** water?
- 6) They **never/ever** go to the beach on Mondays.
- 7) Have **sheep/sheeps** got wings? No, they haven't.
- 8) There is **any/some** milk in the fridge.
- 9) Susan often goes for long walks **in/at** spring.
- 10) Listen! The phone is ringing/rings.
- 11) Are there **much/any** strawberries in the box?
- 12) Could I have a **packet/carton** of crisps, please?

#### Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания — 1 час 35 мин.

#### Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

Отлично	80%-100%
Хорошо	66%-79%
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%
Неудовлетворительно	54% и менее

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

1) знание орфографических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;

2) знание грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используется процентная шкала.

Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации:

Vautanius augusta vautataus v	\/nana	Шиоло ополок
Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень	Шкала оценок
	сформированности	
	компетенций	
Полное соответствие ответа студента всем	Повышенный	отлично
перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся	уровень	
демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических,		
лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы		
полностью, используются систематически.		
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение	Базовый уровень	хорошо
грамматическими, лексическими и		
орфографическими нормами изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом		
сформированы, но проявляются и используются		
фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что		
выражается в отдельных неточностях при		
выполнении заданий.		
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает		
значительные трудности при применении		
полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции		
сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и		
используются частично, что выражается в		
существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий		
контрольной работы.		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не	-	неудовлетворительно
соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных		,
показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует		
отрывочные, фрагментарные знания,		
используемый лексико-грамматический запас не		
соответствует изучаемому уровню (А2).		
1 ron 4 courses		1

#### 1 год, 4 семестр

Оценочными средствами текущей аттестации являются задания в комплекте заданий для контрольной работы №2.

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе первой текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №2 (тест 1):

#### TEST 1

#### **GRAMMAR**

#### Complete the sentences.

∟xam	pie: <u>Are</u> tney from Switzerland?
1	I sing, but I can play the guitar.
2	'How did your phone break?' ' fell on the floor.
3	We British. We're American.
4	There isn't milk in the fridge.
5	'What's that?' 'It'sidentity card.'
6	Holly have any children?
7	I'm taller my brother.
8	'Would you like to fly a plane?' 'No, I'
9	The art gallery is closed Mondays.
10	'What's the time?' 'It's half three.'

11 12 13 14 15	aren't many books on the shelf.  I spoke to him on the phone ten minutes  I hardly watch TV at the weekend.  They like the film – they left after 10 minutes.  'How much coffee do you drink?' 'Quite a'  They are noisiest neighbours in the street.
2	<u>Underline</u> the correct form.
	ole: My mother work / works in a hospital.
1 2	We don't have <b>some</b> / <b>any</b> money.  My father's <b>dentist</b> / <b>a dentist</b> .
3	I have <b>a lot of</b> / <b>a lot</b> brothers and sisters.
4	We had an excellent meal / a meal excellent.
5	Please drive careful / carefully. The weather's bad.
6	Can we meet <b>on</b> / <b>in</b> Monday evening?
7	I have always / always have breakfast at home.
8	It's raining. Let's go / We go inside.
9 10	I don't like <b>get up</b> / <b>getting up</b> early.  He's hoping <b>to study</b> / <b>study</b> law at university.
10	The smopning to study at university.
3 Examp	Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.  ole: Mark and Emma <u>have</u> (have) a house in Portugal.  I (not be) to Egypt. Is it nice?
2	He (not ask) for a cappuccino – he asked for a latte.
3	she (travel) to India next summer?
4	Colin (not be) at work yesterday.
5	l (buy) a new car last week.
6 7	She (not listen) to music at the moment.
8	I (start) cooking classes next week. Where (be) he yesterday morning?
9	you ever (break) your leg?
10	'How often you (go) to the theatre?' 'Every month'
11	Emma (write) him a letter two days ago. Who (be) the three greatest politicians of the twentieth century?
12	Who (be) the three greatest politicians of the twentieth century?
13	He has an exam tomorrow, so he (study) now.
14	She (not like) using lifts.
VOCA	BULARY
4	Complete the words in the sentences.
Examp	ole: We go to the supermarket every Saturday morning.
1	The cooker's really <b>d</b> . We need to clean it.
2	I think it's going to rain. Let's take an <b>u</b>
3 4	I gave my brother a <b>w</b> – he often loses his money.  I read the <b>n</b> every day.
5	The car park's normally full but today it's quite <b>e</b> .
6	I was late for work because the <b>b</b> was late.
7	I usually have a <b>s</b> for lunch. I love bread.
8	She's listening to the news on the <b>r</b>
9	I want to write something – can I borrow your p, please?
10	I read two <b>b</b> when I was on holiday last summer.
5	Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.
	ble: We eat in the
	hroom c B bedroom c C dining room &
1	My mother's brother is my
	A grandfather c B nephew c C uncle c
2	My sister works in an office. She's a
	A receptionist c B musician c C builder c

3	I don't see Pete very much, but we often	at weekends.
4	A download c B skype c C search c	
4	Can I pay by credit, please? A ticket c B money c C card c	
5	I work with sick animals. I'm a	
0	A lawyer c B politician c C vet c	
6	I got your email but I couldn't open the	
Ū	A wifi c B attachment c C Internet c	
7	My father's a He flies all over the world.	
	A pilot c B builder c C nurse c	
8	I need some for this letter, please.	
	A stamps c B keys c C coins c	
9		
	My brother's daughter is my  A granddaughter c B sister c C niece c	
10	You can buy food at a .	
	A pharmacy c B market c C post office c	
6	What is the next word?	
	ole: one, two, <u>three</u>	
1	Wednesday, Thursday,	
2	twenty, thirty,	
3	July, August,	
4	summer, autumn,	
5	third, fourth,	
6	eight hundred, nine hundred,	
7	Complete the words in the sentences.	
	ole: She <b>w</b> alks to work every day.	
1	The opposite of <i>tall</i> is <b>s</b>	
2	If you break your leg you have to go to <b>h</b> .	
3	Marc's a <b>c</b> He works in a French restaur	ant.
4	I need to cut some paper. Do you have any s	
5	A c is a place where you can buy medicing	
6	I don't read books but I like reading m an	
7	Can I see your i card, please?	
8	Do you want to <b>c</b> a taxi?	
9	I didn't t off my phone and it rang in the le	esson!
10	She often t by plane.	
11	I usually <b>m</b> dinner at 8.00.	
12	I d a Volkswagen.	
13	I always <b>w</b> up early.	
14	Your son's daughter is your <b>g</b> .	

#### Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания — 1 час 35 мин.

#### Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

Отлично	80%-100%
Хорошо	66%-79%
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%
Неудовлетворительно	54% и менее

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

1) знание орфографических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;

2) знание грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используется процентная шкала.

Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на

текущей аттестации:

текущей аттестации:		
Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень	Шкала оценок
	сформированности	
	компетенций	
Полное соответствие ответа студента всем	Повышенный	отлично
перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся	уровень	
демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических,		
лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы		
полностью, используются систематически.		
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение	Базовый уровень	хорошо
грамматическими, лексическими и		
орфографическими нормами изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом		
сформированы, но проявляются и используются		
фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что		
выражается в отдельных неточностях при		
выполнении заданий.		
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает		
значительные трудности при применении		
полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции		
сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и		
используются частично, что выражается в		
существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий		
контрольной работы.		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не	-	неудовлетворительно
соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных		
показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует		
отрывочные, фрагментарные знания,		
используемый лексико-грамматический запас не		
соответствует изучаемому уровню (А2).		
Variable var		

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе второй текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №2 (тест 2):

#### TEST 2

#### GRAMMAR

1 <u>Underline</u> the correct form.

Example: My brother's **dentist** / **a dentist**.

- 1 This was an exciting football match / a football match exciting.
- 2 She's hoping **study** / **to study** journalism at university.
- 3 My father works / work in an office.
- 4 The weather's bad. Please drive carefully / careful.
- 5 We have always / always have lunch at a café.
- 6 He doesn't have **some / any** money.
- 7 Can we meet in / on Friday morning?
- 8 I don't like **getting up** / **get up** late.
- 9 It's a beautiful day. **We go / Let's go** to the beach.
- 10 I have a lot / a lot of uncles and aunts.

2 C	omple	te t	he sen <sup>.</sup>	tences	with '	the cor	rect f	orm o	of the	verb	in	brack	<b>cets</b>	S
-----	-------	------	---------------------	--------	--------	---------	--------	-------	--------	------	----	-------	-------------	---

∟xa	mpie:	Reggie <u>wasn't</u> (be) at work on Thursday.
1	I	(not ask) for a latte – I asked for an espresso.
2	Vincent	(write) me an email four days ago.

3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	We (start) dance lessons next month.  I (buy) a new book last weekend.  Who (be) the three greatest artists of the twentieth century?  He has an exam on Thursday so he (study) now.  I (not be) to Spain. Is it nice?  They (have) a house near the sea. It's beautiful.  you ever (break) your arm?  Joshua (work) in his parents' shop next summer?  'How often you (travel) by train?' 'Every day.'  Where (be) he last Wednesday afternoon?  Karen (not like) going to the theatre.  My brother (listen) to his new CD at the moment.
3	Complete the sentences.
	lle: I <u>can</u> sing, but I can't play the piano.
	The museum is closed Sundays.
	Toby have a girlfriend?
3	They are noisiest neighbours in the street.
4	'How did your laptop break?' ' fell on the floor.'
5	'Would you like to fly a plane?' 'No, I'
6	I spoke to him on the phone 20 minutes
7	There isn't butter on the table.
8	I'm taller my father.
9	your sunglasses new?
10	'What's the time?' 'It's half five.'
11	'What's that?' 'It's identity card.'
12	They like the film – they left after 20 minutes.
13	I hardly watch TV in the evening.
14	aren't many houses in the village.
15	We Spanish – we're Brazilian.
16	'How much tea do you drink?' 'Quite a'
4	Complete the words in the sentences.  Do you want to call a taxi?  Sergio's a c He works in an Italian restaurant.  A c is a place where you can buy medicine.  She often t by train.  The opposite of tall is s  He didn't t off his phone and it rang in the film!  I don't read books but I like reading m and newspapers.  Can I see your i card, please?  Your daughter's daughter is your g  I need to cut some paper. Do you have any s?  I d a Honda.  I usually m dinner at 8.00.  She w to school every day.  If you break your leg you have to go to h  I always w up early.
5 Examp 1 2 3 4 5 6	What is the next word?  le: ten, eleven, twelve summer, autumn, eight hundred, nine hundred, third, fourth, July, August, Wednesday, Thursday, twenty, thirty,

6	Tick $(\checkmark)$ A, B, or C to complete the sentences.
	le: You can buy food at a
A ban	k c B market    C post office c
1	I need some for this letter.
	A keys c B stamps c C coins c
2	He works with sick animals. He's a
	A vet c B politician c C lawyer c
3	We eat in the
	A bathroom c B bedroom c C dining room c
4	My sister works in an office. She's a
	A builder c B musician c C receptionist c
5	I don't see Nick very much but we often at weekends.
	A skype c B download c C search c
6	My mother's brother is my
	A uncle c B nephew c C grandfather c
7	Can I pay by credit, please?
	A ticket c B card c C money c
8	I got your email but I couldn't open the
	A wifi c B attachment c C Internet c
9	My father's a He flies all over the world.
	A builder c B pilot c C nurse c
10	
	My brother's daughter is my  A niece c B sister c C granddaughter c
7	Complete the words in the sentences.
Examp	ole: The cinema is <b>b</b> <u>etween</u> the station and the supermarket.
1	I read two <b>b</b> when I was on holiday last summer.
2	I need to clean my bike. It's very <b>d</b> .
3	I usually have a <b>s</b> for lunch. I love bread.
4	I want to write something – can I borrow your <b>p</b> , please?
5	I read the <b>n</b> every day.
6	I gave my father a <b>w</b> – he often loses his money.
7	I thinks it's going to rain. Let's take an <b>u</b>
8	The cinema's usually full but last night it was quite <b>e</b>
9	She's listening to the news on the r
10	I was late for work because the <b>b</b> was late.

#### Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания — 1 час 35 мин.

Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

	1 1 1 7	
Отлично	80%-100%	
Хорошо	66%-79%	
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%	
Неудовлетворительно	54% и менее	

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;

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Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации:

Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень сформированности компетенций	Шкала оценок
Полное соответствие ответа студента всем перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических, лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы полностью, используются систематически.	Повышенный уровень	отлично
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение грамматическими, лексическими и орфографическими нормами изучаемого иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что выражается в отдельных неточностях при выполнении заданий.	Базовый уровень	хорошо
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и используются частично, что выражается в существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий контрольной работы.	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (A2).	-	неудовлетворительно

**2 год, 5 семестр**Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе первой текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №3 (тест 1):

#### TEST 1

#### **GRAMMAR**

1	Comp	plete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.
Exan		If I had (have) a lot of money, I'd buy a new car.
1	I	(know) Lisa for ten years. We're good friends.
2	We	(live) in a big house in the country, but now we have a city flat.
3	What	would you do if you (lose) your wallet?
4	Α	I didn't really like that film.
	В	Neither (do) I!
5	If you	really wanted that coat, you (save) your money to buy it.
6	Jean-	Pierre asked us if we (want) to go out for a pizza.
7	Α	How long (you / be) in the swimming team?
	В	Since last summer.  I(not go) to the party tonight.
8	Α	I(not go) to the party tonight.
	В	Neither are we.
9	Pasta	comes from Italy, but now it (make) all over the world.
10		Why are you going out?
	В	(post) this letter.
11	Gus w	vas there at the time of the robbery, but he said he (not see) anything.
12		(get) here before 7pm, we'll go and see that film.
13	The te	eacher told us (stay) after class.
14	We go	of to the theatre twenty minutes late, and the play (already / start).
15		chool (build) in 1968.

2	<u>Underline</u> the correct word or phrase.
	pple: When <u>did you finish</u> / have you finished your work?
1	You <b>don't have to / mustn't</b> pay to enter the museum. It's free.
2	If you don't tidy your room, your things will / would get lost.
3	I get on well with my brother / my brother well.
4	A I love salsa dancing.
	B Neither / So does my sister.
5	We really <b>enjoy</b> / <b>want</b> spending time at the beach.
6	The meeting will / might finish early. It depends how long the boss speaks!
7	You don't have to / shouldn't listen to him. He tells lies.
8	I borrowed my sister's laptop, because <b>mine</b> / <b>my</b> was broken.
9	Was / Did he use to teach history at your school?
10	They've lived in this flat <b>for / since</b> 18 months.
11	It's easier to learn / learn a language when you're young.
12	Who <b>left</b> / <b>did leave</b> all this washing up last night?
13	Is Dominic good at <b>playing</b> / <b>play</b> the piano?
14	I might see / to see that film this weekend.
15	
15	What have you eaten / did you eat for dinner last night?
3 Evan	Complete the sentences with one word.  sple: The boy ran into the street to catch his ball.
1	Ted said he already heard this album.
2	This play was written William Shakespeare.
3	Oh no! I've to feed the dog!
4	The hours in my job are long, but I don't working late, so that's okay.
5	A Is this book, Lucia?
5	B Yes, it is. Thanks. It was a birthday present.
6	He hasn't seen his cousins last year.
7	You smoke in this building. It's against the law.
8	Her class is in room 12 on the first floor. Go the stairs and turn left.
9	vou pay that man, ha'll call you the tickets you paed
10	you pay that man, he'll sell you the tickets you need.  A there use to be a cinema in the town centre?
10	A there use to be a cinema in the town centre?  Yes, but it closed six months ago.
	res, but it closed six months ago.
VOC	ABULARY
4	<u>Underline</u> the odd word(s) out.
Exam	iple: duck eagle swan <u>mosquito</u>
1	divorced retired married tired
2	put on take off turn down try on
3	maths physics chemistry biology
4	towards passed through along
5	lose miss catch get on
6	spider cow horse pig
7	get an email get home get a present get a salary
8	crocodile shark dolphin goat
9	a bit really quite good
10	get up go away sit down look after
. 0	got up go ana, on dom look and
5	Write the opposite.
	pple: turn on (the TV) turn off
1	get up (in the morning)
2	stand up
3	forget (a name)
4	put on (a coat)
5	turn up (the radio)

Example: Would you like to look at my holiday photos?  watch look at read!  lused to play a lot of tennis, but I gave it last year, and now I play basketball.  down off up  Nina is really afraid spiders. on of by  My uncle decided to at the age of 50 and go travelling. retire receive repair  Go the museum and the cinema is on your left. over past along  When I saw them they were walking the park. on away across  Email was in the 1970s, but most of us first used it a lot later. discovered invented designed  If you don't know how to get there, look the directions on the internet. down through up  My great-grandmother married young, and ten children. had got became  'I'm looking my neighbour's cats while he's on holiday. after forward for  L broke my friend's iPod. luckily accidentally finally  My aunt always a handbag. wears puts carries  Ben doesn't look his father. They're completely different. like as same  'I'm really tired, and I don't feel going out tonight. for like to  The snake moved , and everyone felt very frightened. luckily sadly suddenly  The Shake moved , and everyone felt very frightened. luckily sadly suddenly  A I don't like early mornings at all.  B do I!  So Also Neither
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<b>B</b> do I!
So Also Neither
7 Complete the sentences with one word.
Example: I woke <u>up</u> very early this morning.
1 Please your dictionaries to the next class.
2 Frank doesn't much money. His job is badly paid.
3 A Sorry this is taking a long time.
B That's OK. I mind waiting.
<ul> <li>Leo on very well with Alex. They're good friends.</li> <li>I last night listening to my favourite songs.</li> </ul>
5 I last night listening to my favourite songs.
6 Our teacher us we had all passed our exams.
7 The boy that he wanted to travel before university.
8 Keith's in the shower right now. He'll call you in twenty minutes.
9 Clare got a for her birthday, and now she's having riding lessons.
10 Don't away that old newspaper. I haven't read it yet.

#### Описание технологии проведения

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Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

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Полное соответствие ответа студента всем перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических, лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы полностью, используются систематически.	Повышенный уровень	отлично
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение грамматическими, лексическими и орфографическими нормами изучаемого иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что выражается в отдельных неточностях при выполнении заданий.	Базовый уровень	хорошо
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и используются частично, что выражается в существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий контрольной работы.	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (A2-B1).	-	неудовлетворительно

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе первой текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №3 (тест 2):

#### TEST 2

#### **GRAMMAR**

1	Complete the se	entences. Use the corr	rect form of the verb in brackets.	
Exam	nple: I <u>'ve</u> never	read (read) a book in E	English.	
1	Be careful. We _	just_	(paint) that door.	
2	1	(see) your brother a	at the pool when I was swimming.	
3	We	(fly) to Malaysia a	at 10 o'clock next Tuesday.	
4		you	(go) to Moscow before?	
5	My sister	(study) pho	otography at the moment.	
6	•	you	(wait) for your bus when I saw you vesterday	?

7	When they got to Paris, they (go) out for a meal.
8	I (not be) late tomorrow. That's a promise.
9	Let's eat Japanese food. I never (try) it.
10	Let's eat Japanese food. I never (try) it. When Pavol (go) back to Warsaw? Is it tomorrow?
10	(go) back to traidant. In it territories
2	Underline the correct form.
	ple: When have you finished / did you finish your work?
1	I'm going to / 'II see you at the cinema at six o'clock.
2	What did you do / were you doing for your last holiday?
3	My room is more tidy / tidier than my sister's.
4	When did he get / has he got back from Russia?
5	Katya didn't run <b>enough fast / fast enough</b> to win the race.
6	Tai's girlfriend is someone <b>who</b> / <b>which</b> loves dancing.
7	That's the <b>most</b> / <b>more</b> difficult question you've ever asked me.
8	We've finished our homework, <b>but</b> / <b>so</b> we're going out for a walk.
9	Who did you <b>see</b> / <b>saw</b> at the post office?
10	Does your brother stay / Is your brother staying with you this weekend?
11	Megan always is / is always late to school.
12	I was sitting / sat on a bench when the bus arrived.
13	Mr King <b>will meet / is meeting</b> someone at four, but he can see you at three.
14	I don't think it'll snow / 's snowing tomorrow.
15	We haven't had <b>nothing</b> / <b>anything</b> to eat today – we're really hungry.
13	we haven't had <b>nothing / anything</b> to eat today — we're really hungry.
2	Complete the conteness with any word
3	Complete the sentences with one word.
	ple: Sorry, <u>what</u> did you say? I didn't hear.
1	I've heard that joke. Kim told me it yesterday.
2	The concert wasn't as good the one I saw last week.
3	She had a party it was her birthday.
4	it was raining, we went to the beach for a picnic.
5	It was worst film I've ever seen!
6	This hotel is less expensive the last one.
7	A passenger is someone travels on a bus or train.
8	We haven't been to the new museum What's it like?
9	I'm sure she call me soon.
10	I'm sure she call me soon. Leo the competition. His singing was the best.
4	Put the words in the correct order.
Exam	
	k his latest book will be excellent.
1	your how people are many in there family ?
ı	your now people are many in there family ?
_	
2	doesn't exercise do husband enough my
_	<del></del>
3	next going are to what study year you ?
4	as my older me sister isn't as tall
5	book is this the I've read best ever
Ū	
VOCA	ABULARY
_	
5	Underline the odd word out.
	ple: trainers <u>shorts</u> boots shoes
1	generous mean funny friendly
2	cap T-shirt sweater top
3	polluted noisy crowded lazy
4	thin bald overweight slim
5	disgusting luxurious delicious comfortable

6 7 8 9 10	buy hire rent sunbathe necklace earrings leggings bracelet shy talkative extrovert high receipt check-in checkout customer washing up ironing sailing tidying
Evame	Write the opposite.  Die: teach <u>learn</u> mend  win  start  sell  forget
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Complete the sentences with one word.  Die: Slim is the opposite of fat.  Did you any souvenirs while you were in Bavaria?  I'm sorry, he isn't here. He's work.  Bella's birthday is Christmas Day!  I don't have enough to do my work and help you.  It's really dark in here. Can you turn the light please?  Students, please work in and talk to your partner.  When we're on holiday, we bikes to get around.  Can I €10 from you, please? I'll give it back tomorrow.  I wear and sports socks when I do sport. If not, my feet hurt.  I didn't spend much when we went out last night.
8 Examp	Complete the sentences with the correct word(s).  ole: She tried <u>on</u> the dress in the shop.
1	Have you your bed this morning?
2	done made cleaned They don't go to eat very often.
3	off out up The hotels are too expensive, so we're at a campsite. staying hiring renting
4	How do you this word? repeat underline pronounce
5	We're seeing our cousins next week. We're really looking it. for forward to after
6	The town centre was very There were a lot of people. quiet boring crowded
7	My university course starts October. in on at
8	We at the hotel very late last night. got_arrived_came
9	I Victor some money last month, and he hasn't paid me back. spent lent borrowed
10	Don't eat all that cake! It's really unhealthy uncomfortable polluted
11	What did you think the play?
12	This lesson started 9.15. You're late again! on in at
13	I'm going to Chris to our picnic this weekend. meet invite stay
14	Don't worry the washing up. I'll do it later. about for on

15	Who's paying	_ the car parking?
	to for on	

#### Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания – 1 час 35 мин.

#### Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

Отлично	80%-100%
Хорошо	66%-79%
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%
Неудовлетворительно	54% и менее

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используется процентная шкала.

Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации:

текущей аттестации:		
Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень сформированности компетенций	Шкала оценок
Полное соответствие ответа студента всем	Повышенный	отлично
перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся	уровень	
демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических,		
лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы		
полностью, используются систематически.		
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение	Базовый уровень	хорошо
грамматическими, лексическими и		
орфографическими нормами изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом		
сформированы, но проявляются и используются		
фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что		
выражается в отдельных неточностях при		
выполнении заданий.	Попосовый уповоля	\/
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает		
значительные трудности при применении		
полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции		
сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и используются частично, что выражается в		
существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий		
контрольной работы.		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не	-	неудовлетворительно
соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных		
показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует		
отрывочные, фрагментарные знания,		
используемый лексико-грамматический запас не		
соответствует изучаемому уровню (А2-В1).		

#### 2 год, 6 семестр

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе первой текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №4 (тест 1):

#### TEST 1

#### **GRAMMAR**

1 Exam 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Underline the correct word(s) in each sentence.  Iple: Have you finished that book yet / just?  They might / must have a picnic tomorrow – if the weather's nice.  Who painted / did paint this picture? It's great!  That's the best / better restaurant I've ever eaten in.  Swim / Swimming every Saturday makes me feel great.  I've eaten too many / too much biscuits, and now I feel ill!  You don't have to / should try these trousers. I think they'll look great on you.  I had a boring weekend. I didn't have nothing / anything to do.  We wouldn't / won't go to the party if we didn't want to.  He said / told us he was busy in the evening.  You don't have to / mustn't get up early, if you don't want to.  This car's most / more expensive than mine.  He doesn't do too / enough housework. I have to do it all!  My mum walks more quickly / quicker than my dad.  You must / mustn't listen to your sister. She's trying to help you.
2	Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.
	iple: He usually <i>gets up</i> (get up) at six o'clock.
	I (meet) my new boss last week.
2	Silvio (look for) a job next year.
3	Anna (have) short hair, but now it's quite long.
4	you ever (see) a rhinoceros?
5	Curry (make) with a lot of spices.
6	She (cook) dinner when I arrived, so I offered to help.
7	L don't think it (rain) tomorrow, so we can have a picnic
8	I don't think it (rain) tomorrow, so we can have a picnic. They (not go) out last night; they went home after work. We (not listen) to our teacher right now.
9	We (not listen) to our teacher right now
10	I left the cinema because I (see) the film before.
11	Teresa (watch) TV at the moment.
12	When he arrived, they already (leave) – the flat was
empty	/
13	(no) to Australia twice. How about you?
14	I (go) to Australia twice. How about you? The school (not clean) on Saturdays. What you (find) when you opened the door?
15	What you (find) when you opened the door?
	Happy anniversary! How long
3	Complete the sentences with one word.
	ple: <u>Where</u> does Ben live?
1	We walked of the café, because people were too noisy.
2	Put some shoes. We're going outside.
3	A Have you heard the news?
	B No, not A I don't like Chinese food.
4	
_	<b>B</b> do l.
5	What you do if it rains this afternoon?
6	I do the ironing now. I'll do it later.
7	A newsagent's is a place you buy magazines.
8	A newsagent's is a place you buy magazines.  I went to Paris learn French.
9	How fruit do you eat?
10	it was a hot day, she was wearing gloves.

## **VOCABULARY**

1 2 3 4 5	This radio doesn't work. I'm going to take it to the shop.  Please work groups to do this next exercise.  I'm tired. Can you the dog for a walk?
<b>5</b> Examp	He stopped the car suddenly because a dog ran the road.  Write the opposite.  Die: pass fail
1 2 3 4	Complete the sentences with the correct preposition.  Dole: What music do you listen to?  How long did you wait your bus?  Do write us soon, and tell us all your news.  What time did you arrive work? Were you late?  Sorry, I can't pay this meal.  Be careful when you jump the swimming pool.  Adam's worried his driving test tomorrow.  We aren't sure if we'll go to the beach. It depends the weather Claire fell in love her boyfriend soon after they met.
aunt 1	Complete the sentences with the correct word.  ole: My dad's brother is my uncle.  uncle cousin  Alan's really He always gives us presents.  generous mean lazy  We a really good time at the party.
3	spent had did  Emma me she wanted to get a pizza.  said replied told
4 5	The next meeting is 16th May. on in at The opposite of <i>empty</i> is
6	crowded safe clean My sister is my aunt's
7	niece granddaughter nephew  We're going to drive a tunnel! Put your lights on.  across under through
8	I haven't got much money I'm not going to buy the coat.  although so because
9	You could a prize if you enter the competition.  make win earn  I on really well with my sister.
11	get do make She isn't good at science. She finds it difficult.
12	really very bit Is she looking to the holidays?

	forward after for		
13	That dress looks nice	e. Would you like to	it on?
	wear take try		
14	Can you turn off on in	the TV? I want to wa	tch the film.

#### 8 <u>Underline</u> the odd word out.

Example: friendly <u>safe</u> funny kind 1 castle receipt palace statue

- 2 dangerous crowded talkative polluted
- 3 gloves jeans leggings tights4 mosquito dolphin fly bee
- 5 ironing sightseeing sunbathing camping

#### Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания – 1 час 35 мин.

#### Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

Отлично	80%-100%
Хорошо	66%-79%
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%
Неудовлетворительно	54% и менее

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используется процентная шкала.

Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации:

Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень	Шкала оценок
	сформированности	
	компетенций	
Полное соответствие ответа студента всем	Повышенный	отлично
перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся	уровень	
демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических,		
лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы		
полностью, используются систематически.		
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение	Базовый уровень	хорошо
грамматическими, лексическими и		
орфографическими нормами изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом		
сформированы, но проявляются и используются		
фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что		
выражается в отдельных неточностях при		
выполнении заданий.		
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает		
значительные трудности при применении		
полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции		
сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и		
используются частично, что выражается в		

существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий контрольной работы.		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (A2-B1).	-	неудовлетворительно

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе второй текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №4 (тест 2):

#### TEST 2

$\sim$		Λ	R	л	ĸ	л	Λ	
u	Ħ	А	IV	/1	I۱	/1	А	R

9 They **might** / **must** go to the beach tomorrow – if the weather's hot. 10 Wait! You walk more quickly / quicker than me. 11 Who **did paint / painted** this picture? It's great! 12 She **said** / **told** us she was busy this weekend. 13 Walking / Walk in the country makes me feel great. 14 If I didn't have to, I won't / wouldn't go to that conference. **VOCABULARY** Underline the odd word out. funny friendly kind safe Example: fly mosquito dolphin bee 1 2 palace statue receipt castle 3 talkative polluted crowded dangerous 4 sightseeing ironing camping sunbathing 5 jeans leggings tights gloves 5 Complete the sentences with the correct word. My mum's sisters are my aunts. Example: aunts cousins uncles David \_\_\_\_\_ me he wanted to get a burger. told said replied 1 2 We \_\_\_\_\_ a really good time at the festival. spent had did 3 My brother is my aunt's niece grandson nephew 4 Put your lights on. We're going to drive \_\_\_\_\_ a tunnel! through under across 5 The opposite of *crowded* is . . clean safe empty Kate's really \_\_\_\_\_. She always gives me presents. mean lazy generous 6 Can you turn \_\_\_\_\_ the TV? I want to watch the news. 7 on in off Is he looking \_\_\_\_\_ to the party? 8 after for forward Those jeans look nice. Would you like to \_\_\_\_\_ them on? 9 take try wear Enter our competition now! You could a great prize. 10 win earn make Our new school year starts \_\_\_\_\_ 5th September. 11 in on at 12 We haven't got much money \_\_\_\_\_ we aren't going to buy the flat. because so although 13 He \_\_\_\_\_ on really well with his sister. does gets makes 14 I'm not \_\_\_\_\_ good at languages. I find them difficult. bit quite very 6 Write the opposite. Example: fail *pass* 1 borrow 2 generous \_\_\_\_\_ 3 interesting \_\_\_\_\_ 4 remember \_\_\_\_\_ find \_\_\_\_\_ dangerous \_\_\_\_\_ 5

1	Comple	te the sentence	s with the correct preposition.	
Examp	ole: V	Vhat music do yo	ou listen <u>to</u> ?	
1	Be caref	ul when you jum	p the swimming pool	
2	I'm not s	ure if I can come	e camping. It depends	_ my work.
3			your train?	-
4			his driving test tomorrow.	
	Leo fell i	n love	his girlfriend soon after they m	et.
			_ the tickets today?	
			me soon, and tell me all your ne	ws.
8	What tim	ne did you arrive	school? Were you la	ıte?
8	Comple	te the sentence	s with one word.	
Examp	ole: V	Vrite <u>down</u> the w	ords.	
1	Can you	the	e dog for a walk?	
2	I'm takin	g this watch	to the shop. It doesn't we	ork.
3			to do this next exercise.	
4	Don't rur	nth	e road! It's dangerous.	
5	Let's	Fred	to the party on Saturday.	
			surfing tomorrow?	
7			nuch noise! I'm trying to study.	

## Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания – 1 час 35 мин.

## Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

Отлично	80%-100%
Хорошо	66%-79%
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%
Неудовлетворительно	54% и менее

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используется процентная шкала.

Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации:

Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень сформированности	Шкала оценок
	компетенций	
Полное соответствие ответа студента всем	Повышенный	отлично
перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся	уровень	
демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических,		
лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы		
полностью, используются систематически.		
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение	Базовый уровень	хорошо
грамматическими, лексическими и		
орфографическими нормами изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом		
сформированы, но проявляются и используются		
фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что		
выражается в отдельных неточностях при		

выполнении заданий.		
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает		
значительные трудности при применении		
полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции		
сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и		
используются частично, что выражается в		
существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий		
контрольной работы.		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не	-	неудовлетворительно
соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных		
показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует		
отрывочные, фрагментарные знания,		
используемый лексико-грамматический запас не		
соответствует изучаемому уровню (А2-В1).		

# 3 год, 7 семестр

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе первой текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №5 (тест 1):

### TEST 1

### **GRAMMAR**

15

1	Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.
Examp	ole: How many cups of tea <u>do</u> you <u>have</u> (have) every day?
1	Jaime isn't in the office today. He (work) at home.
2	I (answer) sixteen emails since ten o'clock this morning.
3	They (watch) a football match on TV when we arrived.
4	What you (give) Pete for his birthday last week?
5	I (go) to the doctor's at 4.30. I'll see you at 5.00.
6	he (finish) his homework yet? Oh, that was quick!
7	Don't get a taxi. I (meet) you after the class in the car.
8	you (see) the new James Bond film next week?
9	We (stay) with my parents at the moment while we look for a flat.
10	you ever (drive) a sports car?
11	David (look for) me at 10.30? I was in a meeting.
12	We (just finish) lunch when Joe arrived.
13	Sorry I'm late you (wait) long?
14	Sorry I'm late you (wait) long? Will you (can) help us move house next week?
15	The train (not arrive) yet. It's an hour late.
•	Hada Paralla a santa a selfa)
2	Underline the correct word(s).
	ble: She <u>wants</u> / is wanting to be alone at the moment.
1	My sister's <i>a science teacher / science teacher</i> in a secondary school.
2	Tom was playing / used to play cricket when he was young.
3	You <i>mustn't / don't have to</i> pay for museums in the UK. They're usually free.
4	I'm afraid you can't / couldn't speak to Mr Jones. He's in a meeting.
5	My boyfriend drives <i>more slowly / slowlier</i> than I do.
6	I dropped my mobile phone in the bath last month so I <i>must / had to</i> get a new one.
7	You <i>shouldn't / don't have to</i> eat so much salt. It isn't good for you.
8	Do you like / Are you liking going to hot places on holiday?
9	Have you been having / had that computer for a long time?
10	This summer wasn't as hot <i>than / as</i> it was last summer.
11	He doesn't need / isn't needing to do any work this evening.
12	What time do you go / are you going out tonight?
13	You listened to the instructions <i>more / most</i> carefully than I did.
14	She's been working with us for / since 2004.

We like going to *restaurants* / *the restaurants* at the weekends.

	nce. Contracted forms, e.g. <i>isn't</i> , count as one word.
	ole: I'm not sure who it is. Perhaps it's his wife.
	sure who it is. It <i>might be</i> his wife.
1	All passengers must show their passports at the check-in desk.
	You show your passport at the check-in desk.
2	That dress is beautiful!
_	What dress!
3	I didn't like exercise when I was younger, but now I go to the gym a lot.
	I didn't like exercise, but now I go to the gym a lot.
4	Do you have time to finish the work before Friday?
	Will you be finish the work before Friday?
5	This book isn't as interesting as the last one you lent me.
	This book is less the last one you lent me. Our wedding will be in July.
6	Our wedding will be in July.
	We're in July.  I was in the middle of my homework when you called.
7	I was in the middle of my homework when you called.
	I my homework when you called.
8	Going to the theatre is more expensive than going to the cinema.
	Going to the cinema isn't as going to the theatre.
9	I've never read a funnier book.
	That's book I've ever read.
10	We met years ago.
	We each other for years.
VOCA	BULARY
4	<u>Underline</u> the odd word out.
Examp	ole: glass napkin knife <u>eggs</u>
1	melon peach beetroot pear
2	father nephew niece brother
3	captain track fan spectator
4	margarine carton box jar
5	moody bossy stubborn reliable
6	coach motorway scooter van
7	frozen boiled roast fried
8	win play lose draw
9	inherit borrow throw earn
10	furious tiny hilarious hungry
	,
5	Write the opposite of the adjective.
Examp	
1 .	mature
2	tidy
3	tiny
4	organized
5	freezing
	3
6	<u>Underline</u> the correct word.
Examp	
1	I forgot to wear socks to work. It was so <i>embarrassed</i> / <i>embarrassing</i> .
2	We were really <i>frightened / frightening</i> during the hurricane.
3	She often feels very <i>depressed / depressing</i> in the winter.
4	I've left my mobile at home again! It's so <i>frustrated / frustrating</i> .
5	Have you ever walked out of the cinema because the film was bored / boring?

Complete the second sentence with  $\underline{two}$  words so that it means the same as the first

3

7	Complete the words in the sentences.
Examp	ole: He's very <b>clever.</b> He always knows the answers!
1 .	Karen isn't in the office right now. Do you want to I a message?
2	It's difficult to choose <b>b</b> these two holidays.
3	Which <b>g</b> is our plane leaving from?
4	This is Dave, my fl We live in the flat next door.
5	I don't want to cook tonight. Shall we get a t?
6	We were two hours late because there was a terrible traffic j
7	You must go to that new restaurant. The food is <b>d</b>
8	I get on really well with Kate because we have a lot in <b>c</b>
9	When his grandmother died, Jeff i her house.
10	What's the speed I on this road?
10	What's the speed I on this road:
8	Complete the sentences with the correct word(s).
	ble: I <u>owe</u> my dad £100.
	owe invest
1	You have to be careful what you say to Sofia. She's very
1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
0	sensible responsible sensitive
2	She's trying to cut on coffee at the moment. She just has one cup a day.
0	out down up
3	I still keep in touch with some of my from secondary school.
	colleagues partners classmates
4	They me £10 to park my car at the railway station.
	cost saved charged
5	I'm sorry, I'm busy right now. Can I you back later?
	leave dial call
6	He's a lovely child. He's very
	affectionate moody aggressive
7	I don't like food. I think food should be cooked!
	raw fried boiled
8	Did he apply that job he was talking about?
	of to for
9	I told my friend what to do and she did the opposite. I was!
	filthy tiny furious
10	This new company pays me a better than my old company.
. •	mortgage salary tax
	mongago calary lan
	0

## Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания — 1 час 35 мин.

## Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

Отлично	80%-100%
Хорошо	66%-79%
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%
Неудовлетворительно	54% и менее

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используется процентная шкала.

Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации:

Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень сформированности компетенций	Шкала оценок
Полное соответствие ответа студента всем перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических, лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы	Повышенный уровень	отлично
полностью, используются систематически. Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение грамматическими, лексическими и орфографическими нормами изучаемого иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что выражается в отдельных неточностях при выполнении заданий.	Базовый уровень	хорошо
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и используются частично, что выражается в существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий контрольной работы.	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (B2).	-	неудовлетворительно

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе второй текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №5 (тест 2):

### TEST 2

### GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: The house was built (build) in 1906

Lxamp	me. The house <u>was built</u> (build) in 1906.
1	James (like) pasta, doesn't he?
2	If I(be) taller, I'd be a brilliant basketball player.
3	As soon as Tina gets here we (start) the meeting.
4	If we don't burn less oil and coal, global warming (get) worse.
5	You would have passed the exam if you (answer) all the questions.
6	I (get) home much earlier if the train had been on time.
7	Whales often (see) off the coast of Norway in winter.
8	Elena rang and said that she (call) back later.
9	The doctor told me (sit) down and take my shirt off.
10	My car (repair) at the moment so Dave gave me a lift to work today.
11	When we (check in), I'll ask for a window seat for you.
12	That photo (take) so long ago, it doesn't even look like me now!
13	Fran is celebrating. She just (offer) a new job.
14	(go) to live in New Zealand if you had the opportunity?
15	Landing cards (hand) out in a few minutes before the plane lands.

# <u>Underline</u> the correct word or phrase.

Example: I don't mind to wait / waiting.

Gillian *must / can't* be paid well. She's always going on foreign holidays.

- 2 I'm really bad at *to cook / cooking*, but I'm very good at buying takeaways.
  3 I didn't have *time enough / enough time* in the exam to check my answers.
- 4 It's too much / too cold in here can you put the heating on?
- 5 People *who / what* ask questions usually learn the most.
- 6 I asked Jon whether did he speak / he spoke Chinese.
- 7 Excuse me, could I have a *little / few* more milk in my coffee, please?
- 8 My house is easy *to find / finding* it's opposite the train station.
- 9 If I needed to buy a car, I had borrowed / would borrow money from the bank.
- 10 There are *any / no* good sports facilities in this town.
- 11 I don't think I can afford going / to go abroad on holiday this year.
- 12 She *can't / mustn't* be at home. Her car isn't there.
- 13 You forgot *turning / to turn* off the television when you went to bed last night.
- 14 Steve said he would call you later, *did / didn't* he?
- 15 If you'd asked me, I 'd be / 'd have been glad to help you.

## 3 Complete the sentences with one word.

⊏xamp	bie: The letter <u>was</u> posted last week.
1	Pizza, originally came from Italy, is eaten all over the world.
2	Your brother still get the job he applied for, we just don't know yet
3	
4	Belinda eats meat, she?
5	Stratford-upon-Avon is the town Shakespeare was born.
6	You haven't really enjoyed this party, you?
7	We'll wait he arrives and then we'll all leave together.
8	That's the boy mum works at the school.
9	I wouldn't have known it was Vicky you'd told me.
10	'Is there any milk in the fridge?' 'No, there's at all.'
3	Complete the sentences with one word.
	ole: How <i>many</i> eggs are there in the fridge?
1	The bus is cheaper the train.
2	It's longest day of the year today.
3	There are sandwiches on the table. Help yourself.
4	How did that magazine cost?
5	When we arrived home there wasn't food in the fridge.
6	you like to go on a safari holiday?
7	That restaurant makes the delicious food in town.
8	Did you watch the programme about Brazil night?
9	were forty people at the party.
	I need buy a new computer.
11	He's going to visit his family in Rome week.
12	many people live in your house?
13	Did you see the accident morning?
14	Have you been to Asia?
15	They've bought little house in the south of Spain.

#### **VOCABULARY**

3

### 4 <u>Underline</u> the odd word out.

Example: soundtrack plot special effects <u>comedy</u>

1 roof ceiling outskirts chimney

- 2 clap stare point throw
  - selfish immature patient stubborn
- 4 timetable professor student pupil
- 5 department store baker's shopping centre supermarket
- 6 full-time retire permanent part-time
- 7 luckily fortunately carelessly comfortable
- 8 painter music inventor cyclist
- 9 comfort fortunate lucky careful
- 10 detective evidence suspect witness

5	Match the words that go together.
slope	fiction belt friend station rank
	effects injured jam course
Examp	
1	special
2	golf
3	get
4	close
5	traffic
6	science
7	ski
8	police
9	taxi
10	seat
6	Complete the sentences with the correct word(s).
	ple: They made the story <i>into</i> a film.
	to off
1	
ı	He was very badly by his parents.
2	taught brought up educated I've chocolate recently, so I don't have it very often.
۷	cut away cut out cut down on
3	If you understand what I'm saying, just your head.
3	smile nod point
1	lan lives the outskirts of London.
4	in at on
<b>-</b>	
5	My physics teacher isn't very; she only explains things once.
6	patient impatient patiently
6	Sara has a lot of but she still can't find a job.
7	qualifications salaries training courses  We met at . We were colleagues at a computer company.
1	work college school
8	I loved the when he jumped off the balcony into the sea!
0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
9	script plot scene  My bushand wents to from work when he's 60
9	My husband wants to from work when he's 60.
10	retire sacked promote The film was
10	The film was on a novel by Anne Tyler. set directed based
	set directed based
7	Complete the words in the sentences.
	ple: The <b>a</b> udience loved the film.
1	The TV isn't working because you didn't <b>pl</b> it in!
2	I can give you £20, but only if you pay me <b>b</b> tomorrow.
3	They failed their exams because they made too many <b>c</b> mistakes!
4	The police are still trying to <b>s</b> the crime after ten years.
	Who is in <b>ch</b> of this department?
5	
6 7	It's 3.30. I have to <b>p</b> up my children from school.
	The meal was so bad that we <b>c</b> to the manager.
8	Students shouldn't <b>ch</b> in exams. It's dishonest.
9	My exams start next week so I have to r over the weekend.
10	I can't t the salt in this pasta. I think it needs some more.

# Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания — 1 час 35 мин.

## Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

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Хорошо	66%-79%
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%
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Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используется процентная шкала.

Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации:

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Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение грамматическими, лексическими и орфографическими нормами изучаемого иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что выражается в отдельных неточностях при выполнении заданий.	Базовый уровень	хорошо
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и используются частично, что выражается в существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий контрольной работы.	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (В2).	-	неудовлетворительно

# 3 год, 8 семестр

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе первой текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №6 (тест 1):

#### TEST 1

#### **GRAMMAR**

1 Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example:		Are you <i>going</i> (go) on holiday this year?
1	Sonia	
2	We	(go) to the Edinburgh Festival in August last year

3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	If I found £20 on the floor in a shop, I (give) it to one of the assistants. My mother (go) to salsa dance classes for the last two months – she loves it Wait until Roberto (get) here and then the meeting can begin.  I think I (send) Pedro the wrong file when I emailed him yesterday.  Diana told me she (want) to start learning French.  I (drink) less coffee at the moment to see if it helps with my headaches. 'Is Mike at home?' 'He (go) to the shops. He'll be back in an hour.'  When we returned, we saw that somebody (break) one of our windows.  I would have invited you to the party if I (know) you were around!  Students will get their results in June. A letter (send) to their home address. I don't want to eat curry again! We (have) it twice last week.  'Didn't you hear your phone ring?' 'No, I (listen) to music on headphones.'  Mary (meet) Anna for lunch most days. Their offices are very close.
2	Complete the sentences with one word.
	ple: That's the house <i>where</i> my father was born.
1	It won't take long to paint this room, it?
2	That's the door takes you back to reception.
3	You wouldn't have missed the train if you stayed in bed so long.
4	Wait everyone is here before you start the meeting.
5	If I you, I wouldn't say anything and just forget about it.
6 7	Will Donna be to give me a lift to the station later?
8	Chris me if I knew why he had been made redundant. You're Andy's new secretary, you?
9	The car park is free – you don't to pay!
10	I didn't to like cabbage but I love it now.
3 Exam 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Underline the correct word(s).  ple: There's no / not enough time to get the project finished today.  I don't mind people disagree / disagreeing with me.  Could you drive more slower / slowly? I hate it when you drive fast.  Sally wouldn't / won't pass her driving test if she doesn't practise more.  That's the man whose / who's dog bit me last month!  You mustn't / shouldn't record films in the cinema. It's illegal!  My sister said / told me not to tell anyone about her new boyfriend.  Will / Shall you call me when William arrives?  If you sent him a birthday card, he'll / he'd really appreciate it.  Lisa usually / use to listens to the radio when she works.  There were very few / little people at the concert because of the weather.
11 12	We'll come and see you again the next / next Saturday. There aren't any / no eggs in the fridge. Shall I get some?
13	You won't be able to get home <i>unless</i> / <i>if</i> you call a taxi.
14	Richard has always worked much harder than / that I do.
15	The Olympics and Paralympics held / were held in London in 2012.
VOCA	ABULARY
4	<u>Underline</u> the odd one out.
Exam	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	sociable charming affectionate spoilt
2 3	script cartoon comedy musical get expelled graduate cheat fail
4	retire get sacked apply for resign
5	fried grilled tinned baked
5	Write the noun.
Exam	
1	complain
2	lose

3	respond
4	deliver
5	succeed
6	explain
Ū	
6	Complete the sentences with the correct preposition.
Examp	
1	Vicky is really good card games – she always wins.
2	You must be really pleased your exam results!
3	Scotland is famous its golf courses.
4	We spent €4,000 a holiday in New York.
5	I'm so tired. I'm really looking forward my holiday next week.
6	Jake's thinking applying for a job with Microsoft.
7	I'm not keenlamb. I prefer beef or chicken.
	where the contract of t
7	Complete the sentences with the correct words.
=	ole: I <i>inherited</i> a lot of money a few years ago from my grandfather.
	, , , , ,
	ted earned invested
1	We were late, but luckily there was a taxi very near the office.
	platform rank station
2	We didn't just the other team – we destroyed them!
	win draw beat
3	The Hobbit was New Zealand.
	directed by based on filmed in
4	My brother's only seven so he's still at school.
•	secondary nursery primary
5	I have plenty of free time because I only work
5	
•	temporary part-time self-employed
6	You can't ride your motorbike through here – it's a area.
	residential pedestrian suburb
7	I got a 10% on the coat because it had a button missing.
	refund bargain discount
8	Be careful what you say to Maria. She's very
	reliable sensible sensitive
9	We usually eat outside on the in summer.
5	
10	terrace roof path
10	I didn't have breakfast this morning. I'm absolutely!
	starving furious freezing
11	Can you to the shoes you want in the window?
	nod point touch
12	It was very that Jeff drove past and saw us just after we'd missed the bus.
	fortune fortunate unfortunate
13	I'm not going to spend the money I inherited. I'm going to it.
	owe waste invest
14	
14	Megan was very of her sister after she was promoted.
	jealous ambitious moody
_	
8	Complete the sentences with one word.
Examp	ole: My sister and I <i>get</i> on well with each other.
1	I'm trying to cut down the amount of meat I eat.
2	Rob's the new sales manager, and is now in of 50 people.
3	I like foreign films but I prefer them dubbed. I hate having to read the
4	Sarah yoga for an hour every day. She says it's very relaxing.
5	I'm afraid Katie isn't in the office. Do you want to leave a?
6	Ben in the exam – he copied answers from the boy next to him.
7	It was nice to see you again after such a long time. Let's in touch.
8	I got playing rugby last week. I sprained my ankle.

#### Описание технологии проведения

Материалы контрольной работы выдаются обучающимся на бумажном носителе. Время выполнения задания – 1 час 35 мин.

## Требования к выполнению заданий (или шкалы и критерии оценивания)

Отлично	80%-100%
Хорошо	66%-79%
Удовлетворительно	55%-65%
Неудовлетворительно	54% и менее

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;

Для оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации используется процентная шкала.

Соотношение показателей, критериев и шкалы оценивания результатов обучения на текущей аттестации:

Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень	Шкала оценок
	сформированности	
	компетенций	
Полное соответствие ответа студента всем	Повышенный	отлично
перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся	уровень	
демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических,		
лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы		
полностью, используются систематически.		
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение	Базовый уровень	хорошо
грамматическими, лексическими и		
орфографическими нормами изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом		
сформированы, но проявляются и используются		
фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что		
выражается в отдельных неточностях при		
выполнении заданий.		
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает		
значительные трудности при применении		
полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции		
сформированы в общих чертах, проявляются и		
используются частично, что выражается в		
существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий		
контрольной работы.		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не	-	неудовлетворительно
соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных		
показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует		
отрывочные, фрагментарные знания,		
используемый лексико-грамматический запас не		
соответствует изучаемому уровню (В2).		

Контроль успеваемости по дисциплине в ходе второй текущей аттестации осуществляется с помощью контрольной работы №6 (тест 2):

GRAMMAR  1 <u>Underline</u> the correct word(s).	
Example: There's <i>no / not</i> enough time to get the project finished today.	
1 You wouldn't / won't be a good tennis player if you don't practise more.	
2 Very few / little people speak more than two languages.	
If we went to visit her, she'll / she'd be so happy.	0
We don't have <i>any</i> / <i>no</i> potatoes. Can you buy some when you go to the sho	
You <i>mustn't / mightn't</i> copy things from other people in exams – it's cheating Jonathan drives much faster <i>than / that</i> you do.	<b> -</b>
7 The Olympics <i>held / were held</i> in London in 2012.	
8 You won't be able to cycle this late <i>unless / if</i> you have lights.	
9 I don't mind people <i>disagree / disagreeing</i> with me about politics.	
Could you speak more <i>slower / slowly</i> , please? I can't understand you.	
<ul> <li>11 Is that the woman <i>who's / whose</i> son won the marathon?</li> <li>12 Can you come and visit me <i>the next / next</i> Friday?</li> </ul>	
12 Can you come and visit me <i>the next / next</i> Friday? 13 <i>Will / Shall</i> you let me know when you get back home?	
We <i>usually / use to</i> go out to eat at the weekend. We like trying new food.	
15 Kate <i>said</i> / <i>told</i> me not to say anything about her job interview.	
<b>2</b> Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the verb in brackets. Example: Are you <i>going</i> (go) on holiday this year?	
1 The exam results come out soon. They (send) to your home addr	ess.
2 'Did you hear the doorbell?' 'No, I (listen) to opera on my headph	ones.
3 I would have offered to take you home if I (know) you needed a life	t.
Sam thinks you (send) him the wrong documents last week.	
I (drink) a lot of coffee at the moment because I've got so much w 'Where's Diana?' 'She (go) out. She'll be back in ten minutes.'	ork.
7 When Tina (get) here, we'll have lunch.	
8 Martha (meet) me for a coffee every morning. She works near me	<del>)</del> .
9 When Stephen arrived, we saw that he (break) his leg.	
10 Gina (go) to the Olympics when she was in London.	
Paul (work) at the moment. Shall I ask him to call you back later?  12	
12 I (go) to t'ai-chi classes since March – it makes me feel great! 13 If we won the lottery, we (give) a lot of the money to charity.	
Simon said that he (want) to learn car mechanics.	
15 I don't want pizza again! I (have) it yesterday!	
3 Complete the sentences with one word.	
Example: That's the house <i>where</i> my father was born.	
1 We don't to go to school tomorrow – it's a holiday.	
Wait your guests have started eating before you start.	
I didn't to eat much bread but now I eat too much!	
Do you think you'll be to help me with my work tomorrow?  You won't be back late tonight, you?	
6 This is the key opens that door.	
7 We wouldn't have missed the bus if we stayed at the party so long	<b>a</b> .
8 If I you, I'd walk away and forget all about it.	•
9 Susan me whether I'd ever been to New York.	
You're coming to the party tomorrow, you?	
VOCABULARY	
4 Complete the sentences with the correct preposition.	
Example: What are you going <i>to</i> do next weekend?	
1 We're looking forward seeing you both next week.	
<ul> <li>Dan's not keen football. He likes rugby.</li> <li>Are you thinking going to the cinema this weekend?</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>Are you thinking going to the cinema this weekend?</li><li>Sydney is famous its opera house.</li></ul>	
5 I'm very pleased my new shoes – they were in the sale.	

6 7	Belinda isn't good tennis – she always loses. I'd never spent so much a meal before – it was far too much.
5 Examp 1 2 3 4 5	Underline the odd one out.  ole: composer teacher employee violinist musical script cartoon comedy tinned fried grilled baked retire apply for get sacked resign charming sociable spoilt affectionate fail get expelled cheat graduate
6 Examp 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Complete the sentences with one word.  ole: My sister and I <u>get</u> on well with each other.  John's in a meeting. Would you like to leave a?  Cathy yoga every morning. She says it's a great way to start the day.  I got playing football and I couldn't play for two months.  Mina's the new manager, and is now in of 20 people.  We're cutting down meat in our diet.  Kim in the exam yesterday – she copied the answers from the boy next to her.  It was great to see you again after such a long time. We must in touch.  I'm not keen on foreign films being dubbed. I hate reading too.
7 Examp 1 2 3 4 5	Write the noun.  ole: organize organization deliver succeed lose explain complain respond
	Complete the sentences with the correct word.  ole: I inherited a lot of money a few years ago from my grandfather.  ed earned invested  Manchester United Chelsea 2–1.  won drew beat
2	There are no cars in the city centre – it's a area. residential pedestrian suburb
3	I haven't eaten yet today so I'm! starving furious freezing Can you to the trainers you want in the window?
5	touch nod point It's easy to hurt Jane's feelings, so be careful. She's very
6	sensitive reliable sensible Claire teaches seven-year-old children in a school.
7	secondary nursery primary  Excuse me, is there a taxi near here?
8	Platform rank station You should some of that money, and not just spend it all. owe waste invest
9	Wasn't it that Sasha could take us to the airport!  fortune fortunate unfortunate
10	Richard is of his brother now that he's very successful. jealous ambitious moody
11	I get a 20% on the entrance cost because I'm a student.  refund bargain discount
12	We have barbecues on the when the weather's good. roof path terrace

13	I work	work and I have Mondays and Fridays fre		
	temporary	part-time	self-employed	
14	The Lord o	f the Rings	trilogy was	New Zealand.
	based on	directed by	filmed in	

#### Описание технологии проведения

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	сформированности	
	компетенций	
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перечисленным показателям. Обучающийся	уровень	
демонстрирует высокое знание грамматических,		
лексических и орфографических норм изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции сформированы		
полностью, используются систематически.		
Обучающихся демонстрирует частичное владение	Базовый уровень	хорошо
грамматическими, лексическими и		
орфографическими нормами изучаемого		
иностранного языка. Компетенции в целом		
сформированы, но проявляются и используются		
фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что		
выражается в отдельных неточностях при		
выполнении заданий.		
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичные знания о	Пороговый уровень	удовлетворительно
нормах изучаемого языка, испытывает		
значительные трудности при применении		
полученных знаний на практике. Компетенции		
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используются частично, что выражается в		
существенных ошибках при выполнении заданий		
контрольной работы.		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не	-	неудовлетворительно
соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных		
показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует		
отрывочные, фрагментарные знания,		
используемый лексико-грамматический запас не		
соответствует изучаемому уровню (В1).		

## 20.2 Промежуточная аттестация

Промежуточная аттестация по дисциплине осуществляется с помощью следующих оценочных средств: практическое письменное и устное задания.

Примеры практических заданий к экзамену (зачёту с оценкой):

1 год, 3 семестр

## Комплект КИМ №1

УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ

\_\_\_\_\_ Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи

20
Направление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика преподавания иностранных языков и культур</u>
шифр, наименование
Дисциплина <u>Практический курс второго иностранного языка</u>
Форма обучения очная
очная, очно-заочная, заочная
Вид контроля зачет
экзамен, зачет
Вид аттестациипромежуточная
текущая, промежуточная
Контрольно-измерительный материал №2
Read the story and put some questions to the story.  Jean's Routine
Jean is 16 years old and lives in Cardiff with her family. Her mother works as a nurse. Her father teaches Maths. She has got any brothers or sisters.
Jean goes to school from 9.00 to 3.30. She doesn't go on the bus because the school is near her house. After school she returns home and doe her homework. In the evenings, she plays the violin. She wants to become a violinist. Sometimes she watches TV or reads a book. She isn't keen on playing computer games.
Jean is a night owl, so goes to bed at midnight.  2. Act out the situation.
Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and free time activities.
Преподаватель
подпись расшифровка подписи
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
Направление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика преподавания иностранных языков и культур</u>
шифр, наименование
Дисциплина Практический курс второго иностранного языка
Форма обученияочная
очная, очно-заочная, заочная
Вид контроля
экзамен, зачет Вид аттестации <u>промежуточная</u>

#### текущая, промежуточная

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №3

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story.

My best friend

Sally Jenkins is my best friend. She is 16 years old and her birthday is on 3<sup>rd</sup> of June. She is English. She is from York, in the North-East of England. Sally is a student at Castle Road School in York. There are twenty-five students in her class and her teacher is Mr. Taylor. Her favourite subjects are Science and French.

Sally's favourite sports are tennis and swimming and her best days of the week are Saturday and Sunday.

Sally is a great friend. I like her because she is fun to be with.

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and their pets.

		Преподаватель		расшифро	овка подписи
		Заведуюι	ций кафедрой	английскої	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	цготовки / специальность остранных языков и культур	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
		наименование	<del>,</del>		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второг		языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				
	очная	я, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	<u>зачет</u>				
		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				
	текущая,	промежуточна	Я		

## Контрольно-измерительный материал №4

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story.

The world is full of people. Some people are short and thin and some are tall and fat. Our eyes can be blue, green and brown.

Our families can be quite different as well. Some and large, some are small. But all of them are special.

Dana is 17 years old and she is from Israel. She lives in kibbutz. A kibbutz is a place where many families live and work together. She has a very small family. She's got mum and dad, but she hasn't got any brothers or sisters. She is an only child, but she has lots of cousins she can have fun with. They are on friendly terms and always help each other.

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and their daily routine.

	Γ	Іреподаватель		
			подпись	расшифровка подписи
		Заведуюι	ций кафедрой	УТВЕРЖДАЮ английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,	Цурикова Л.В. расшифровка подписи 20
Направление подготов преподавания иностран			Лингвистика <i>,</i>	/ Теория и методика
_		аименование		
	рактический курс второго	иностранного	языка	
Форма обученияоч	Ран	очно-заочная,	220002	<del> </del>
Вид контроля зачет		очно-заочная,	заочная	
		экзамен, заче	m	<del></del>
Вид аттестации <u>пр</u>	омежуточная			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	текущая, г	<i>промежуточна</i>	Я	
	Контрольно-измері	ительный мат	ериал №5	
drives to work. She arrived desserts. At half past elet the customers, After that friends. They usually go In her free time, Somming.  "I've got a great joe. Act out the situation.	ht every day," she says arly bird. Her day starts at es at the restaurant at ten even, she has a break for late, she cleans the kitchen. Sto the cinema or a Chines Sarah visits her parents or ob and I feel very happy we teach other, pay complimate to the complex of the comple	o'clock, then sl unch, then from She finishes wo e restaurant in goes fishing wi	ne starts making in twelve o'clock rk at eight o'clock the evening. ith her brother. S e," says Sarah.	g the salads and until five, she cooks for ck, then she meets her She also loves
·	Г	lреподаватель		
			ПООПИСЬ	расшифровка поониси
		Заведуюι	ций кафедрой	УТВЕРЖДАЮ английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,	Цурикова Л.В. расшифровка подписи 20
Направление подготов преподавания иностран	ных языков и культур		Лингвистика	/ Теория и методика
Дисциплина Пр	<i>шифр, н</i> рактический курс второго	<i>аименование</i> э иностранного	языка	

<b></b>
Форма обученияочнаяочная, очно-заочная, заочная
Вид контроля <u>зачет</u>
экзамен, зачет
Вид аттестации промежуточная
текущая, промежуточная
Контрольно-измерительный материал №6
<ol> <li>Read the story and put some questions to the story.         <ul> <li>A day with Lucy</li> <li>Lucy Morgan, the star of the TV show Down Town, has a very busy daily routine.</li> <li>She gets up at 6.30, puts on her jeans and takes her two dogs for a walk. Then she goes to the gym for an hour. She has breakfast at 8.30 and after that she goes to the studio. Sometimes there is a lot of traffic, but she always gets there on time.</li> <li>She works on the show until 1:00, then she has a half-hour lunch break in the café.</li> <li>Lucy meets her friends at about 7.00. They spend some time together she usually comes home at 9.30 and goes to bed at 10 o'clock.</li> <li>Lucy's lifestyle is really busy but she enjoys every minute of it.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Act out the situation.</li> <li>Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and their plans for weekend.</li> </ol>
Преподаватель
подпись расшифровка подписи
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
Направление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика</u> преподавания иностранных языков и культур
шифр, наименование
Дисциплина Практический курс второго иностранного языка
Форма обученияочная
очная, очно-заочная, заочная
Вид контроля <u>зачет</u>
экзамен, зачет Вид аттестации <u>промежуточная</u>

текущая, промежуточная

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story.

A special neighbour

Cassie Baker is my next-door neighbour and my best friend. She is from Bristol. Her father, Josh, is a doctor and her mum, Lisa, is a teacher. Cassie is not the only child, she's got a brother and two sisters.

Cassie is very pretty with wavy red hair and blue eyes. She's got freckles, too.

Cassie is a wonderful girl. She is clever and kind. Her friends call her "Smiler" because she is always happy. Her favourite sport is swimming. She is good at it.

Cassie is a special neighbour to me. She is friendly and funny and we have lots of fun together. She is a lovely girl and I am lucky that she is my next-door neighbour.				
2. Act out the situation. Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and everyday activities.				
Преподаватель				
подпись расшифровка подписи				
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ				
Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20				
Направление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика</u> преподавания иностранных языков и культур				
шифр, наименование				
Дисциплина Практический курс второго иностранного языка				
Форма обучения очная				
очная, очно-заочная				
Вид контроля зачет				
экзамен, зачет				
Вид аттестации промежуточная				
текущая, промежуточная				
Контрольно-измерительный материал №8				
1. Read the story and put some questions to the story.  Sally lives in Central London. She is 15 and she goes to school.  Sally is short and slim with long blonde hair and blue eyes. She is very pretty. Sally's parents are very nice people. They are both tall and slim. Sally's mother, Laura, is a teacher, and her father, Tom, is a programmer. She's got a brother, Sam, and a sister, Ann. Sally's brother is 10 years old. He is tall with short fair hair and green eyes. Sam is a noisy boy. His favourite sport is football. Sally's sister has got straight brown hair and dark eyes. She is smart. Ann is keen on tennis and she is good at it.  Sally has got two hamsters. She spends a lot of time playing with them.				

2. Act out the situation.
Two students meet greet each other, pay complime

a lot of time playing with them.
ments, talk about the weather and their pets.
Преподаватель подпись расшифровка подписи
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20

Направление по	дготовки / специальность	<u>45.03.02</u>	Лингвистика	/	Геория	И	методика
преподавания инс	остранных языков и культур						
	шифр, і	наименование					
Дисциплина	Практический курс второг	о иностранного	языка				
Форма обучения_	очная						
	очная	я, очно-заочная	, заочная				
Вид контроля	зачет						
		экзамен, заче	em				
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная						<del></del>
	текущая,	промежуточна	Я				

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story.

My best friend

Sally Jenkins is my best friend. She is 16 years old and her birthday is on 3<sup>rd</sup> June. She is English. She is from York, in the north-east of England.

Sally is a student at Castle Road School in York. There are twenty-five students in her class and her teacher is Mr. Taylor. Her favourite subjects are Science and French.

Sally's favourite sports are tennis and swimming and her best days of the week are Saturday and Sunday. Sally is a great friend. I like her because she is fun to be with.

2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and their pets.

Преподаватель		
	подпись	расшифровка подписи

## Описание технологии проведения

Экзамен (зачёт с оценкой) проводится с помощью комплекта контрольно-измерительных материалов №1, содержащего одно письменное и два устных задания. На подготовку ответа отводится 40 минут.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене/зачете с оценкой используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, орфоэпических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка:
- 2) знание фонетической системы, грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексикофразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;
- 3) умение применять на практике полученные знания в различных ситуациях межкультурного взаимодействия;
- 4) умение распознавать регистры общения; использовать регистры общения сообразно коммуникативной ситуации;
- 5) умение вести дискуссию по проблемной ситуации, выражать согласие (несогласие) в знак поддержки разговора, проводить свою стратегическую линию в общении в согласии с речевыми интенциями собеседников или вопреки их интенциям;
- 6) владение говорением, аудированием и письмом как видами речевой деятельности;
- 7) владение приемами эффективного речевого общения в процессе ведения беседы в социально-бытовой сфере.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене (зачете с оценкой) используется 4-балльная шкала: «отлично», «хорошо», «удовлетворительно», «неудовлетворительно».

Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень сформирова нности компетенций	Шкала оценок
Полное соответствие ответа обучающегося всем перечисленным критериям. Компетенции сформированы полностью, используются систематически. Обучающийся способен корректно порождать речь на изучаемом иностранном языке в соответствии с литературными нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка. Также обучающийся адекватно использует лексико-грамматические, стилистические и фонетические средства изучаемого иностранного языка с соблюдением их семантической, коммуникативной и структурной связности при порождении устных и письменных текстов.	Повышенны й уровень	Отлично
Ответ частично соответствует указанным компетенциям. Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что проявляется в отдельных неточностях и ошибках при ответе. Обучающийся демонстрирует частичное знание форм социальных взаимодействий и умение строить речь в соответствии с литературными нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка. Не всегда корректное использование лексико-грамматических, стилистических и фонетических средства изучаемого иностранного языка.	Базовый уровень	Хорошо
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 35-45% перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся дает неполные ответы на дополнительные вопросы, демонстрирует частичные знания норм изучаемого языка в соответствии с уровнем (A2), допускает ошибки, затрудняющие понимание, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных умений на практике	Пороговый уровень	Удовлетвори- тельно
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, допускает грубые ошибки при построении текста, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (A2).	_	Неудовлетвори- тельно

1 год, 4 семестр

# Комплект КИМ №2

ИМ №2	
Заведующий кафедрой ані ф	УТВЕРЖДАЮ глийской филологии ракультета РГФ ВГУ
подпись, ра	Цурикова Л.В. сшифровка подписи 20

•	готовки / специальность _	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания ино	странных языков и культур		<del></del>		
Писшиппиша		аименование	GOL IVO		
Дисциплина Форма обучения	Практический курс второго очная	иностранного	<u>языка</u>		
Форма обучения	<del></del>	очно-заочная,	заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен	o mo dao man,	oue man		
		экзамен, заче	m		
Вид аттестации	промежуточная				
	текущая, п	ромежуточна	Я		
	Контрольно-измери	тельный мат	ериал №1		
Mr Jones had on his best clothes,	nd put some questions to the sto ad a few days' holiday, so he sa took a small bag, went to the st ad out of the window during the	aid, 'I'm going t ation and got ir	to go to the mento the train. H	e had a beau	utiful hat, and
Mr Jones qu	uickly took his old bag and threw eople in the carriage laughed. 'Is			beautiful ha	t back?' they
'No,' Mr Jo there's a name a	ones answered, 'but there's nd an address on the bag. ne's going to send me the b	Someone's g	oing to find		
<ol><li>Act out the situat Two students meet</li></ol>	ion. greet each other, pay complime	ents, talk about	the weather a	and means of	f travelling.
	П	200000000000000000000000000000000000000			
	111	реподаватель		расшифро	овка подписи
		Заведуюι	ций кафедрой	і́ английской	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись		урикова Л.В. <i>река подписи</i> 20
Направление под	цготовки / специальность <u></u>	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
<u>преподавания ино</u>	странных языков и культур		<del></del>		
_		аименование			
Дисциплина	Практический курс второго	иностранного	языка		
Форма обучения	очная	0,1110, 000,1110	200111125		<del></del>
Dun voutrons		очно-заочная,	заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен	0/20/40/1 00/10			
Вид аттестации		экзамен, заче	111		
		ромежуточна	Я		

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

An old lady went out shopping last Tuesday. She came to a bank and saw a car near the door. A man got out of it and went into the bank. She looked into the car. The keys were in the lock.

The old lady took the keys and followed the man into the bank.

The man took a gun out of his pocket and said to the clerk, 'Give me all the money!'

But the old lady did not see this. She went to the man, put the keys in his hand and said, 'Young man, you're stupid! Never leave your keys in your car: someone's going to steal it!'

The man looked at the old woman for a few seconds. Then he looked at the clerk—and then he took his keys, ran out of the bank, got into his car and drove away quickly, without any money.

### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and rules and regulations in your family.

		Преподаватель			
			подпись	расшифро	овка подписи
		Заведуюі	щий кафедрой	английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
Направление по	дготовки / специальность	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания инс	остранных языков и культур		<del></del>		
	шифр,	наименование			
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ	ого иностранного	языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				
	очна	ая, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				
		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	текущая	. промежуточна	яя		

## Контрольно-измерительный материал №3

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mary was an English girl, but she lived in Rome. She was six years old. Last year her mother said to her, 'You're six years old now, Mary, and you're going to begin going to a school here. You're going to like it very much, because it's a nice school.'

'Is it an English school?' Mary asked.

'Yes, it is,' her mother said.

Mary went to the school, and enjoyed her lessons. Her mother always took her to school in the morning and brought her home in the afternoon. Last Monday her mother went to the school at 4 o'clock, and Mary ran out of her class.

'We've got a new girl in our class today, Mummy,' she said. 'She's six years old too, and she's very nice, but she isn't English. She's German.'

'Does she speak English?' Mary's mother asked.

'No, but she laughs in English,' Mary said happily.

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and shopping.

	1	Треподаватель _	
			подпись расшифровка подписи
		Заведующиі	УТВЕРЖДАЮ й кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
			Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
	отовки / специальность гранных языков и культур		ингвистика / Теория и методика _
Пиониянию		наименование	N. WO
Дисциплина Форма обучения	Практический курс второг очная	о иностранного яз	<u>suka</u>
Форина обучения	<del></del>	, очно-заочная, за	аочная
Вид контроля	кзамен	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>
Pur ottootouuu	EDOMONO/TOLINOG	экзамен, зачет	
Вид аттестации		промежуточная	<del>-</del>
Mrs Jones diverse lazy. On Satur grass in the garden to Then somebolin it. There was a sea The boy took on the lawn-mower a 'One of those 'No,' the boy	days they did not go to school his afternoon, boys.' The boy ody gave one of the boys a material on it, and there was a work the picture to his mother and driving it and cutting the glawn-mowers?' his mother assaid. 'We want one of those work.	the had two sons. Tool, and then their is did not like it, but agazine, and he save and on the seat. It but a brother and said grass. We want one sked.	w a picture of a beautiful lawn-mower to them, 'Look, that woman's sitting
	ı	Преподаватель <sub>_</sub>	подпись расшифровка подписи
		Заведующиі	УТВЕРЖДАЮ й кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи
U.s.		45.00.00	20
•	отовки / специальность <sub>.</sub> гранных языков и культур	45.03.02 Ли	ингвистика / Теория и методика
	шифр, н	наименование	_
Дисциплина	Практический курс второг	о иностранного яз	<u>выка</u>

Форма обученияочная
очная, очно-заочная, заочная
Вид контроля <u>экзамен</u> <i>экзамен, зачет</i>
Вид аттестациипромежуточная
текущая, промежуточная
Контрольно-измерительный материал №5
Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.  One of Harry's feet was bigger than the other. 'I can never find boots and shoes for my feet,' he
said to his friend Dick.  'Why don't you go to a shoemaker?' Dick said. 'A good one can make you the right shoes.'  'I've never been to a shoemaker,' Harry said. 'Aren't they very expensive?'
'No,' Dick said, 'some of them aren't. There's a good one in our village, and he's quite cheap. Here's his address.' He wrote something on a piece of paper and gave it to Harry.  Harry went to the shoemaker in Dick's village a few days later, and the shoemaker made him some
shoes.  Harry went to the shop again a week later and looked at the shoes. Then he said to the shoemaker angrily, 'You're a silly man! I said, "Make one shoe <i>bigger</i> than the other," but you've made one <i>smaller</i> than the other!'
<ol> <li>Act out the situation.</li> <li>Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and renting accommodation.</li> </ol>
Преподаватель подпись расшифровка подписи
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
Направление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика</u> преподавания иностранных языков и культ <u>ур</u>
шифр, наименование Дисциплина <u>Практический курс второго иностранного языка</u>
дисциплина <u>практический курс второго иностранного языка</u> Форма обучения очная
очная, очно-заочная, заочная Вид контроля <u>экзамен</u>
экзамен, зачет
Вид аттестации <u>промежуточная</u> <i>текущая, промежуточная</i>
піскущал, промелкупточпал

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Joe Richards finished school when he was 18, and then his father said to him, 'You've passed your examinations now, Joe, and you got good marks in them. Now go and get some good work. They're looking for clever people at the bank in the town. The clerks there get guite a lot of money now.'

The man looked at them for a few minutes, and then he took a pen and said to Joe, 'Your birthday was on the 12th of June, Mr Richards?'

'Yes, sir,'Joe said.

'What year?' the man asked.

'Oh, every year, sir,' Joe said.

### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and dating.

		Преподаватель		расшифро	овка подписи
		Заведуюі	ций кафедрой	английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	дготовки / специальность остранных языков и культур		Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
	шифр	, наименование			
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ	ого иностранного	языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				
	очна	ая, очно-заочная,	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				
		экзамен, заче	m		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				
	текущая	і, промежуточна	Я		

### Контрольно-измерительный материал №7

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Fred works in a factory. He docs not have a wife, and he gets quite a lot of money every week. He loves ears, and has a new one every year. He likes driving very last, and he always buys small, fast, red ears. He sometimes takes his mother out in them, and then she always says, "But, Fred, why do you drive these ears? We're almost sitting on the road!"

Then Fred laughs and is happy. He likes being very near the road.

Fred is very tall and very fat.

Last week he came out of a shop and went to his ear. There was a small boy near it. He was looking at the beautiful red ear. Then he looked up and saw Fred.

'How do you get into that small ear?' he asked him.

Fred laughed and said, 'I don't get into it. I put it on.'

2. /	4ct	out	the	situation	١.
,	·UL	Out	uic	Situation	

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and

Преподаватель		
•	подпись	расшифровка подписи

	УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
	Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
Направление подготовки / специальность	45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика
преподавания иностранных языков и культур	шменование
Дисциплина Практический курс второго и	
Форма обученияочная	·
	очно-заочная, заочная
Вид контроля <u>экзамен</u>	 Экзамен, зачет
Вид аттестации промежуточная	
текущая, пр	ромежуточная
Контрольно-измерит	гельный материал №8
with her parents and worked in an office. She had smuch.  Then she met a very nice young man. His name vollice. They went out together cjuite a lot, and he can Carol went to her father and said, 'I'm going to marr 'Oh, yes,' her father said. 'He's a nice boy—but h	some friends, hut she did not like any of the boys very was George Watts, and he worked in a bank near her ne let Carol's parents' house twice, and then last week by George Watts, Daddy. He was here Yesterday.' as he got any money?' answered angrily. 'I met George on the first of June got any money?"
Пр	еподаватель подпись расшифровка подписи
	УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
	Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
Направление подготовки / специальность преподавания иностранных языков и культур	45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика
	именование
Дисциплина Практический курс второго и	<u>иностранного языка</u>
Форма обучения очная	

очная, очно-заочная, заочная

Вид контроля <u>экзамен</u> экзамен, зачет
Вид аттестации промежуточная
текущая, промежуточная
Контрольно-измерительный материал №9
<ol> <li>Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.         Miss Williams was a teacher, and there were thirty small children in her class. They were nice children, and Miss Williams liked all of them, but they often lost clothes. It was winter, and the weather was very cold. 'The children's mothers always sent them to school with warm coats and hats and gloves. The children came into the classroom in the morning and took off their coats and hats and gloves. They put their coats and hats on hooks on the wall, and they put their gloves in the pockets of their coats.         Last Tuesday Miss Williams found two small blue gloves on the floor in the evening, and in the morning she said to the children, "Whose gloves are these?", but no one answered.         Then she looked at Dick. "Haven't you got blue gloves, Dick?" she asked him. "Yes, miss," he answered, "But those can't be mine. I've lost mine."</li> <li>Act out the situation.</li> </ol>
Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and eating habits in Britain and in Russia.
Преподаватель подпись расшифровка подписи
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
Направление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02</u> Лингвистика / Теория и методика преподавания иностранных языков и культур
шифр, наименование Лисциппина Практический курс второго иностранного языка

текущая, промежуточная

очная, очно-заочная, заочная

экзамен, зачет

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Форма обучения очная

Вид аттестации промежуточная

Вид контроля экзамен

Whitebridge was a small village, and old people often came and lived there. Some of them had a lot of old furniture, and they often did not want some of it, because they were in a smaller house now, so every Saturday morning they put it out, and other people came and looked at it, and sometimes they took it away because they wanted it.

Every Saturday, Mr and Mrs Morton put a very ugly old bear's head out at the side of their gate, but nobody wanted it. Then last Saturday, they wrote, 'I'm very lonely here. Please take me,' on a piece of paper and put it near the bear's head.

They went to the town, and came home in the evening. There were now two bears' heads in front of their house, and there was another piece of paper. It said, 'I was lonely too.'

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and proes and cons of mobile phones.

Преподаватель		
	подпись	расшифровка подписи

### Описание технологии проведения

Экзамен (зачёт с оценкой) проводится с помощью комплекта контрольно-измерительных материалов №1, содержащего одно письменное и два устных задания. На подготовку ответа отводится 40 минут.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене/зачете с оценкой используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, орфоэпических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание фонетической системы, грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка:
- 3) умение применять на практике полученные знания в различных ситуациях межкультурного взаимодействия;
- 4) умение распознавать регистры общения; использовать регистры общения сообразно коммуникативной ситуации;
- 5) умение вести дискуссию по проблемной ситуации, выражать согласие (несогласие) в знак поддержки разговора, проводить свою стратегическую линию в общении в согласии с речевыми интенциями собеседников или вопреки их интенциям;
- 6) владение говорением, аудированием и письмом как видами речевой деятельности;
- 7) владение приемами эффективного речевого общения в процессе ведения беседы в социально-бытовой сфере.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене (зачете с оценкой) используется 4-балльная шкала: «отлично», «хорошо», «удовлетворительно», «неудовлетворительно».

Иритории оноширония компотонний	Уровень	Шкада ополок
Критерии оценивания компетенций	сформирова	Шкала оценок
	нности	
	компетенций	
Полное соответствие ответа обучающегося всем	Повышенны	Отлично
перечисленным критериям. Компетенции сформированы	й уровень	
полностью, используются систематически. Обучающийся		
способен корректно порождать речь на изучаемом		
иностранном языке в соответствии с литературными		
нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного		
бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с		
носителями изучаемого языка. Также обучающийся		
адекватно использует лексико-грамматические,		
стилистические и фонетические средства изучаемого		
иностранного языка с соблюдением их семантической,		
коммуникативной и структурной связности при порождении		
устных и письменных текстов.		

Ответ частично соответствует указанным компетенциям.	Базовый	Хорошо
Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и	уровень	
используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что		
проявляется в отдельных неточностях и ошибках при ответе.		
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичное знание форм		
социальных взаимодействий и умение строить речь в		
соответствии с литературными нормами, а также правилами		
и традициями межкультурного бытового и		
профессионального взаимодействия с носителями		
изучаемого языка. Не всегда корректное использование		
лексико-грамматических, стилистических и фонетических		
средства изучаемого иностранного языка.		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не	Пороговый	Удовлетвори-
соответствует 35-45% перечисленных показателей.	уровень	тельно
Обучающийся дает неполные ответы на дополнительные	•	
вопросы, демонстрирует частичные знания норм изучаемого		
языка в соответствии с уровнем (А2), допускает ошибки,		
затрудняющие понимание, испытывает значительные		
трудности при применении полученных умений на практике		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не	_	Неудовлетвори-
соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей.		тельно
Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные		
знания, допускает грубые ошибки при построении текста,		
используемый лексико-грамматический запас не		
соответствует изучаемому уровню (А2).		
COOTBETCTBYET MSYMMEMOMY YPOBHIO (A2).		

2 год, 5 семестр

## Комплект КИМ №3

	УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
	Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
Направление по преподавания ин	остранных языков и культур
	шифр, наименование
Дисциплина	<u>Практический курс второго иностранного языка</u>
Форма обучения	очная
	очная, очно-заочная, заочная
Вид контроля	зачет
	экзамен, зачет
Вид аттестации	промежуточная
	текущая, промежуточная

# Контрольно-измерительный материал №1

 Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.
 Mrs. Jones wanted a picture for her living-room. She took the bus and went to town. She looked for a picture shop, and after a few minutes she found one. There were some pictures in the window, but she did not like them very much. She went into the shop and looked at some other pictures. She liked some of those more. There was a picture of a young girl, and Mrs. Jones liked it very much. She went to the shopkeeper and said, 'How much do you want for this picture?'

The shopkeeper turned the picture round. He looked at the back of it and then said, 'Thirteen pounds.'

'Thirty pounds?' Mrs. Jones said. 'That's very expensive. I'm going to offer you twenty pounds for it.'

'I said, "Thirteen pounds", not "Thirty pounds", 'the man answered.

'Thirteen?' Mrs. Jones said. 'Then I'm going to offer you nine pounds for it.'

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and proes and cons of computers.

		Преподаватель	,		
		р от одалата		расшифро	вка подписи
		Заведуюі	ций кафедрой	английской	ГВЕРЖДАЮ и́ филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,		урикова Л.В. <i>вка подписи</i> 20
Направление подг	·	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания инос	транных языков и культур		<del> </del>		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ	<i>наименование</i> го иностранного	языка		
Форма обучения	очная				<del></del>
_		я, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля <u>за</u>	чет				_
_		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации	промежуточная				<del></del>
	текущая,	промежуточна	Я		

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №2

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mary worked in an office in London, and she usually went out and had lunch in a restaurant. She liked foreign food and often looked in the newspaper for the names of new restaurants, because she enjoyed going to them and eating new things. Sometimes she said, 'I don't like this restaurant. I'm not going to come here again'; but often she said, 'I like this one. I'm going to have my lunch here often.'

One day she saw the name of a new Greek restaurant in her newspaper, and she went there for lunch. It was very small, but it was clean and nice, and the food was good.

But then Mary found something hard in her mouth. She took it out. It was a button.

'Look here, waiter!' she said. 'I've found this button in my food.'

'Thank you, thank you!' the waiter answered happily. 'I looked everywhere for it.'

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and how to perform well at a job interview.

Преподаватель		
•	подпись	расшифровка подписи

		Заведую	щий кафедрой	й английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись		Цурикова Л.В. <i>овка подписи</i> 20
•	тотовки / специальность странных языков и культур	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
-		именование			
Дисциплина Форма обучения	Практический курс второго в	иностранного	<u>языка</u>		
		очно-заочная	, заочная		
_	3	жзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации		омежуточна	 ЭЯ		<del></del>
	- <b>V</b> 1- ) 1-	, ,			
	Контрольно-измерит	гельный мат	гериал №3		
Peter was te One day they going to be a circus The children' went to the circus. The tent was A beautiful ye the cake out of her r A man in a re Nobody answ away!'  2. Act out the situation	ed coat shouted to the people, 'Vered. But then a funny man stoon.  Greet each other, pay complime	They lived in a newspaper, a se us there.' Saturday ever of an hour, se in her mout who's going to bod up and sa nts, talk abour	the country te and Jane said ening Peter and the circus beg th, and then a b o do the same id, 'All right b	to her mothed Jane and to Jane	er, 'There's their parents e and took the lion
	Пр	еподаватель			
		Заведуюі	<i>подпись</i> щий кафедрой	ў ў английско	овка подписи /ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии гета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись		Џурикова Л.В. овка по∂писи 20
Направление под	тотовки / специальность	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
•	транных языков и культур				<u> </u>
Дисциплина	шифр, на Практический курс второго і	<i>именование</i> иностранного	э языка		
	, per 2				

ррма обученияочная
очная, очно-заочная, заочная
ıд контроля <u>зачет</u> экзамен, зачет
ид аттестации <u>промежуточная</u>
текущая, промежуточная
Контрольно-измерительный материал №4
Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.  Ann Grimes had a small car, and she drove a lot in town, because she went to work by car every orning and came home by car too, and she did her shopping with her car on Saturdays.  But she very seldom went out into the country in it, because she did not have much time.  Then one Sunday morning last August she said to herself, 'It's a beautiful day, and it's hot in wn. I'm going to drive out into the country and have a picnic in a quiet field there.'  She drove twenty kilometres, and then she came to a small country road. She looked at it and id to herself, 'This road's very steep, isn't it?' She stopped in front of a house and asked a man, 'Is this ad dangerous?'  'No,' the man answered, 'it isn't dangerous up here. They always crash down at the bottom.'
Act out the situation. vo students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and holidays in Britain, e USA and Russia.
Преподаватель
подпись расшифровка подписи
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
аправление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика</u> реподавания иностранных языков и культур
шифр, наименование
исциплина Практический курс второго иностранного языка
орма обученияочная очная, очно-заочная, заочная
очная, очно-заочная, заочная 1Д контроля <u>зачет</u>
экзамен, зачет
ид аттестации промежуточная
текущая, промежуточная

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Paul Robinson liked fishing very much. In the summer he went out fishing every evening, and in the winter he fished on Saturdays and Sundays. His wife Joan did not see him very much.

Then one day last summer Paul said to her, 'I'm going to have two weeks' holiday this year, and we're going to go to Scotland and fish there.'

'And what am I going to do?' said Joan.

'You are going to fish with me,' Paul answered.

They went to Scotland and fished there for two weeks. Then they came home, and Joan talked to her neighbour, Mrs. Andrews, about her fishing trip with her husband.

'I did everything wrong on the trip,' she said to her. 'I talked loudly in the boat and the fish were afraid. I put the wrong things on my hook, I pulled my line in very quickly ... and I caught a lot more fish than Paul did'.

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and means of travelling.

		Преподаватель		расшифро	рвка подписи
		Заведуюι	ций кафедрой	английской	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	отовки / специальность	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
		наименование	<del></del>		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второг	о иностранного	языка		
Форма обучения	очная				<del></del>
	очная	я, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	ачет				
_		экзамен, заче	m		
Вид аттестации	промежуточная				<del></del>
	текущая,	промежуточна	Я		

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №6

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mrs. Davis lived near the sea, in Yarmouth, and went to the same fish shop there for twenty-five years. She always bought beautiful, fresh fish from that shop, but then she and her husband went to London and lived there. She wrote to her friends, 'I'm not going to find nice, fresh fish in the London shops. They lie there for days and weeks.' There was a fish shop near her house, and she went and bought her fish there for two or three weeks, but she did not like them very much. Then last Wednesday, she went into the shop and looked at all the fish there.

'These ones aren't fresh,' she said to the shopkeeper. 'Look at them!'

The shopkeeper came and looked. Then he said angrily, 'That's your fault, not mine. These same fish were here in this shop last Friday, but you didn't buy them then, did you?

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and rules and regulations in your family.

Преподаватель		
	подпись	расшифровка подписи

факультета РГФ ВГУ
Цурикова Л.В подпись, расшифровка подпись 20
Направление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методик</u> преподавания иностранных языков и культур
шифр, наименование
Дисциплина Практический курс второго иностранного языка
Форма обучения очная
очная, очно-заочная Вид контроля <u>зачет</u>
экзамен, зачет
Вид аттестациипромежуточная
текущая, промежуточная
Контрольно-измерительный материал №7
1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.  Helen was eight years old, and one day one of her teeth began hurting. She cried in her class at school and her teacher said kindly, 'Why are you crying, Helen?'  'Because one of my teeth hurts,' answered Helen.  'Speak to your mother about it,' said the teacher, 'and then go and see the dentist.'  That afternoon Helen spoke to her mother about her tooth, and her mother took her to the dentist a few days later. The dentist looked at the tooth and then he said to Helen, 'It's very bad. I'm going to take it out and then you're going to get a nice, new tooth next year.' He pulled the tooth out.  The next day Helen's teacher asked her about the tooth. She said to her, 'Does it still hurt, Helen?' 'I don't know,' Helen answered.  'Why don't you know?' the teacher said. 'Because the dentist's got it,' Helen answered.
2. Act out the situation. Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and shopping.
Преподаватель подпись расшифровка подписи
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
Цурикова Л.В подпись, расшифровка подпись 20
Направление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02</u> Лингвистика / Теория и методик преподавания иностранных языков и культур
шифр, наименование
Дисциплина Практический курс второго иностранного языка
Форма обученияочная
очная, очно-заочная, заочная Вид контроля <u>зачет</u>

экзамен, зачет

Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии

Вид аттестации	промежуточная
	текущая, промежуточная

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №8

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mrs. Stephens lived in a small village, and she had five children. She always had a lot of work. The children went to different schools, and Mrs. Stephens took them there in the morning in her car. Then she bought food at the village shop, and then she went home and cleaned the house, washed the clothes and made cakes or other things.

In the afternoon she drove back to the children's schools and brought them home, and then she cooked their evening meal. Every evening she was very tired.

One morning she was in the village shop, and she saw a small notice there. It said, 'I do cleaning for £1.50 an hour. Telephone Miss Joan Brown, 7508.'

Mrs. Stephens looked around the shop. 'Nobody's looking,' she said. 'That's good.'

Then she took her pen out of her bag and wrote under the notice, 'I do cleaning for nothing. Don't telephone me!'

<ol><li>Act out the situa</li></ol>	tion.
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Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and health problems.

		Преподаватель			
				расшифро	овка подписи
		Заведуюі	ций кафедрой	английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
	отовки / специальность транных языков и культур	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
проподавания инос		наименование	<del></del>		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ		языка		
Форма обучения	очная				
	очна	я, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	ачет				
_		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации	промежуточная				
	текущая	, промежуточна	19		

### Контрольно-измерительный материал №9

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

In hot, sunny countries, a lot of people like eating their meals in the fresh air. During the day, they eat under trees or big umbrellas, because the sun is usually very strong, but in the evening they eat under the moon and the stars.

People do this a lot in Italy. The restaurants put tables in a garden or in the street, and most people eat there and not in the restaurants.

Renato was an Italian. He came to London and bought a restaurant there. Then he said, 'I'm going to put some of my tables in the street here too.' But it rains a lot in England.

Mr. Jenkins went to Renato's restaurant one day, and in the evening he said to his wife, 'I had lunch at that new Italian restaurant today, and it rained all the time. Drinking my soup took twenty-five minutes.' 2. Act out the situation. Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and renting accommodation. Преподаватель \_ подпись расшифровка подписи **УТВЕРЖДАЮ** Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи \_\_\_.\_\_.20\_\_\_ Направление подготовки / специальность \_\_\_\_\_45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика преподавания иностранных языков и культур шифр, наименование Дисциплина Практический курс второго иностранного языка Форма обучения очная очная, очно-заочная, заочная Вид контроля зачет экзамен, зачет Вид аттестации промежуточная текущая, промежуточная Контрольно-измерительный материал №10 1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it. Mac had a very old car. It was rusty and dirty, but its engine worked most of the time. One day he took his old car out of the garage and said to his wife, 'I'm going to drive to Bournemouth and do some shopping.' He came to a quiet road after a few kilometres, but then his car stopped. Mac got out, opened the bonnet of the car and looked at the engine, but he did not find anything wrong with it. His head was under the bonnet for quite a long time. Then a young man ran to the car and began pulling one of the red lights off the back of it. Mac put his head up, looked at the young man and shouted, 'What are you doing there?' The young man answered, 'You can steal the pieces at the front. I'm going to take the ones at the back.'

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and dating.

Преподаватель		
	подпись	расинфровка подписи

#### Описание технологии проведения

2. Act out the situation.

Экзамен (зачёт с оценкой) проводится с помощью комплекта контрольно-измерительных

материалов №3, содержащего одно письменное и два устных задания. На подготовку ответа отводится 40 минут.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене/зачете с оценкой используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, орфоэпических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание фонетической системы, грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексико-фразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка:
- 3) умение применять на практике полученные знания в различных ситуациях межкультурного взаимодействия;
- 4) умение распознавать регистры общения; использовать регистры общения сообразно коммуникативной ситуации;
- 5) умение вести дискуссию по проблемной ситуации, выражать согласие (несогласие) в знак поддержки разговора, проводить свою стратегическую линию в общении в согласии с речевыми интенциями собеседников или вопреки их интенциям;
- 6) владение говорением, аудированием и письмом как видами речевой деятельности;
- 7) владение приемами эффективного речевого общения в процессе ведения беседы в социально-бытовой сфере.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене (зачете с оценкой) используется 4-балльная шкала: «отлично», «хорошо», «удовлетворительно», «неудовлетворительно».

	\/	
	Уровень	
Критерии оценивания компетенций	сформирова	Шкала оценок
	нности	
	компетенций	
Полное соответствие ответа обучающегося всем	Повышенны	Отлично
перечисленным критериям. Компетенции сформированы	й уровень	
полностью, используются систематически. Обучающийся		
способен корректно порождать речь на изучаемом		
иностранном языке в соответствии с литературными		
нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного		
бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с		
носителями изучаемого языка. Также обучающийся		
адекватно использует лексико-грамматические,		
стилистические и фонетические средства изучаемого		
иностранного языка с соблюдением их семантической,		
коммуникативной и структурной связности при порождении		
устных и письменных текстов.		
Ответ частично соответствует указанным компетенциям.	Базовый	Хорошо
Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и	уровень	
используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что		
проявляется в отдельных неточностях и ошибках при ответе.		
Обучающийся демонстрирует частичное знание форм		
социальных взаимодействий и умение строить речь в		
соответствии с литературными нормами, а также правилами		
и традициями межкультурного бытового и		
профессионального взаимодействия с носителями		
изучаемого языка. Не всегда корректное использование		
лексико-грамматических, стилистических и фонетических		
средства изучаемого иностранного языка.		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не	Пороговый	Удовлетвори-
соответствует 35-45% перечисленных показателей.	уровень	тельно
Обучающийся дает неполные ответы на дополнительные		
вопросы, демонстрирует частичные знания норм изучаемого		
языка в соответствии с уровнем (А2-В1), допускает ошибки,		

затрудняющие понимание, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных умений на практике		
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, допускает грубые ошибки при построении текста, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (A2-B1).	_	Неудовлетвори- тельно

2 год, 6 семестр

#### Комплект КИМ №4

	УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
	Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
Направление подготовки / специальность	45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика
преподавания иностранных языков и культур	<del></del>
шифр, наим	
Дисциплина <u>Практический курс второго ин</u>	<u>остранного языка</u>
Форма обученияочная	
•	но-заочная, заочная
Вид контроля <u>экзамен</u>	·
ЭКЗ	вамен, зачет
Вид аттестации <u>промежуточная</u>	
текушая пром	MEXVMOUHAG

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №1

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mary was seven years old. Her parents had recently moved to a new town, and so Mary was going to a different school from the one she had been at for some years. It was a few kilometres from the house which she now lived in with her parents, but there was a school bus that went around picking up pupils every morning and bringing them back to their homes every afternoon, and as both of Mary's parents had to go to work every morning, she always went on this bus. She had to be at a corner twenty metres from her front door by half past eight every day and the bus was usually on time, and never more than a minute or two late.

Mary's parents always set their alarm clock every evening so that none of them would be late, but one morning the alarm failed to go off, and it was not till a quarter past eight that Mary's mother suddenly woke up, looked at the clock, said, 'What ever's happened to that clock?' and then hurried into Mary's room. Mary was fast asleep, but her mother woke her up and told her to get ready for school.

'I'm sorry, dear,' she said, 'but you'll have to wash and dress very quickly, have an even quicker breakfast, and then I'll drive you to school on my way to the office. I'll get your breakfast ready now.'

'But how ever will you find the way, Mum?' Mary said. 'You've only been to school once.'

'Yes,' her mother answered, 'but you've done the trip several times now in the bus, so you can be my guide to get there, can't you?'

'Oh, yes,' said Mary, 'I suppose so.' She washed, dressed and had a quick breakfast, and then she and her mother went to the garage and got into the car.

They set off, and Mary told her mother to turn each time that they came to a place she recognised. In this way she made her mother drive round most of the town before they got to her school. When they arrived, her mother saw that it was not really very far from their house.

'Why ever did you make me go such a long way round, Mary, instead of the most direct way?' her mother asked her.

'Well, Mum,' answered Mary, 'it was because I didn't know how else to get here. That's the way our bus always goes to pick up the other children on the way to school.'

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and plan your ideal summer holiday.

		Преподаватель			
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			подпись		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	дготовки / специальность остранных языков и культур	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
		наименование	<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ		языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				
	очна	я, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				<del></del>
		экзамен, заче	em .		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				
	текущая.	промежуточна	Я		

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №2

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Sally had been studying at an art college for a year and, like most students, she did not have much money. Tt was going to be her mother's birthday soon, and she wondered what she could buy her as a present that would be nice and useful but not too expensive.

Sally's college was in London, but she had been living in the country for many years, so every day she had an hour's journey by train in the morning, and the same in the evening.

At lunch time one day, a week before her mother's birthday, she decided to have a quick sandwich and a cup of coffee instead of her usual meal in the college hall, and then go shopping near her college to try to find her mother a nice present. When she had been looking for half an hour, she came across a shop that was selling umbrellas cheap, and decided that one of those would solve her problem, since her mother had lost hers the month before.

'Now which colour shall I choose?' she thought. 'Well, I think a black one would be the most useful really. You can carry that when you are wearing clothes of any colour, can't you?' So having made up her mind, she bought a lovely black umbrella and took it back to the college with her until her classes had finished.

On her way back home in the train that evening she felt hungry because she had had such a small

lunch, so she went along to the buffet car for another sandwich and cup of coffee. She had left the black umbrella above her seat in the compartment, but when she got back, it had gone! When she had left the compartment, there had been no other passengers in it, but now there were three.

Sally burst into tears when she saw that the umbrella was no longer there. The other passengers felt very sorry for her and asked what the matter was. When she explained that the black umbrella she had bought for her mother had disappeared, and that she had to get out at the next station, the three other passengers asked her for her mother's address, in order to be able to send the umbrella on to her in case someone had removed it by mistake and not on purpose, and brought it back after Sally had got out of the train.

The next week, Sally heard from her mother. Her letter said, 'Thank you very much for your lovely presents, but why did you send me three black umbrellas?'

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and eating habits in Britain and Russia.

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			подпись		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
Направление по	дготовки / специальность	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания ин	остранных языков и культур			-	
	шифр	, наименование			
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ	ого иностранного	языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				
	очна	ая, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				
		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная			<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	текущая	і, промежуточна	яя		

### Контрольно-измерительный материал №3

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mrs Grey lived in the country, but she worked in London, the capital of jyngland. She always drove to the railway station in her car every morning, and left it in the station car park until she arrived back in the train in the evening. She was a careful driver, but one morning she was rather late, so she was going rather faster than usual when she had an accident in a narrow road not far from her home.

What happened was that another car was coming in the opposite direction, and either that one or Mrs Grey's car was too far in the middle of the road, or perhaps both of them were. They ran into each other and were both damaged, although not enough to stop them being driven.

Both Mrs Grey and the other driver, who was a young man whom she had seen in the district but had not met, got out of their cars, and Mrs Grey said, 'I'm afraid 1 haven't got time to waste on an accident this morning, as 1 have a very important appointment in town at nine, and I suppose you're a busy man too.'

'Yes, I am,' the young man said, 'but we'll have to call the police for insurance purposes, won't we? They won't pay for the damage unless we have reported the accident to the police and they have come and seen what happened.'

'Yes, certainly,' Mrs Grey answered, 'but I have something to suggest. We won't be committing a crime if we go away now in our cars, and then come back to the scene of the accident, say, at six this evening, and put them in exactly the same positions as they are in now. Then we can call the police. They won't know what time the accident happened, and the insurance companies won't care either as long as we can send them a police report of the accident.'

'What a good idea!' the young man said happily. 'So I'll be waiting here at six o'clock this evening. I won't be late!'

'Nor will 1/ Mrs Grey answered. She and the young man exchanged visiting cards, and then each drove off to carry on with their work.

When Mrs Grey arrived at the station from London at a quarter to six that evening, she got into her car, drove to the place where the accident had happened, and found the young man waiting there in his car. They put both cars in exactly the same positions as they had been in after the accident, and then Mrs Grey called the police, using the telephone in her car, as if the accident had just happened.

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and proes and cons of mobile phones.

		Преподаватель		расшифро	овка подписи
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			подпись		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	дготовки / специальносты остранных языков и культу		Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
проподавания ин-		<u>-</u> о, наименование			
Дисциплина	Практический курс втор		языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				
	ОЧН	іая, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				<del></del>
_		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				
	текуща	я промежуточна	19		

# Контрольно-измерительный материал №4

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

In many countries now seat belts are compulsory for the driver and front seat passenger at least.

Most doctors believe that seat belts save people from being seriously hurt in a crash, but there are some people who still think that it is more dangerous to wear a seat belt than not to wear one.

They say that a seat belt may trap one in a car that is burning, or that has fallen into a river or the sea and is sinking, so that one is burnt to death or drowned.

But less than half of one per cent of car accidents lead to fire or sinking, and in any case, a seat bell may easily save a person from being knocked unconscious in an accident, so that he or she is able to undo the seat belt immediately and get out of a car that is on fire or sinking.

People who object to seat bells also sometimes say that without one, one may be thrown right out of a car in a crash, but doctors will tell you that that is the last thing one wants to happen: if one is thrown out of a car, one hits something, usually the road, and usually hard and at speed. It is better to remain inside a car in the case of a crash.

There is also the question of personal freedom; some people say that it is an attack on their freedom to force them to wear a seat belt, whether they want to or not. But even in a democracy there are a lot of things a person is denied the right to do though he or she wants to do them. I may, for example, want to play music loudly all night; it interferes with my freedom if I am not allowed to do this. But my neighbours have their own rights to freedom, just as I have. They want to be free to sleep quietly at night, and if I stop them doing so, I am interfering with their freedom.

How does this affect seat belts? In what way does it interfere with the rights of others if someone refuses to wear a seat belt? Well, first of all because common sense tells us that a driver without a seat belt has less control of a car if there is an accident, so that he or she is more likely to be a danger to others, who after all also have the right to be protected as much as possible from accident.

But also there is the question of the cost of being hurt. A driver expects to be taken to hospital free of charge by ambulance if he or she is hurt in a crash. 1 le or she also expects to be looked after properly in hospital, again free of charge. Who pays for this? In most countries the people who pay the taxes do so. And they have a right to demand that the amount they pay should be kept as low as possible by making sure that people do not hurt themselves unnecessarily by not taking proper care such as wearing a seat belt.

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and proes and cons of computers.

		Преподаватель			
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			подпись		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
Направление по,	дготовки / специальность	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания инс	остранных языков и культур				
	шифр	, наименование			
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ	ого иностранного	языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				<del> </del>
	ОЧН	ая, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				
		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				
	текущая	і. промежуточна	Я		

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №5

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Sarah had a son of ten, who was called Jack. He did not like studying, but loved watching television. Sarah used to drive to school at half past four in the afternoon, bring Jack back home and give him his tea, but as soon as he got into the house, he always rushed to the television set and turned it on.

'Haven't you got any homework, Jack?' his mother always asked him as she began to make the tea.

'Eh? Oh, yes, I've got a little,' he used to answer. 'I'll do it later when there's nothing interesting on television.'

At first Sarah had allowed Jack to watch television instead of starting on his homework first, but she soon discovered that he never had a *little* homework - it was always a great deal - and that there was never a time when there was nothing interesting on television, so that after putting off doing his homework

for a couple of hours, Jack was too tired to do his homework properly, if at all.

Sarah then decided to make him do it first. This was always a battle, and often when Jack obeyed his mother, he did the work quickly and carelessly in order to finish it and get back to his beloved television.

The result was the same as when he left his homework until last; bad work, which he was punished for the next day at school by getting low marks, either because his homework was full of mistakes, or because he did not know the work he was supposed to have prepared the night before.

One evening Jack's science homework was about famous inventors like Thomas Edison, who made important discoveries and inventions in the field of electricity. When he had homework that consisted of learning facts, his mother had begun to test him when he finished, to try to make sure that he had really done the work properly and not left anything out, and this is what she did this time. She did not let him stop until she was sure that he knew what was in his book.

But this time, it was less of a battle than usual to make Jack sit down and go over what he had to learn carefully, because it had a strong connection with television.

In class the next day, the teacher said to Jack, 'What are some of the things that Thomas Edison did for science?'

'Well,' Jack answered happily, 'first of all, if it weren't for Edison, we'd all be watching television by candlelight!'

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and how to perform well at a job interview.

		Преподаватель	•		
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			подпись		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	дготовки / специальность		Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания ин-	остранных языков и культу ишфі	<u>р</u> О, наименование			
Дисциплина	Практический курс втор	•	языка		
Форма обучения_	очная	•			
	ОЧН	іая, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				
_		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				
	текуща	я, промежуточна	яя		

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №6

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Alan Brown liked the novels of a writer whose name was Fraser Lambourn very much, and as Alan's wife Violet was the manager of a big bookshop, she always brought Alan back the a. latest work by his favourite writer.

Then one day Violet said to her husband, 'Guess what, Alan! Fraser Lambourn's coming to our bookshop next week to sign copies of his new book for people who buy it! Isn't that good news?'

'Yes, it's wonderful!' said Alan happily. Then he stopped and thought for a few seconds, 'but you've already brought me a copy of his new book!' he said disappointedly. '1 don't suppose he'll sign that, will he?'

'Oh, yes, he will,' said Violet cheerfully. 'You just wait and 5 see.' She told Alan that her bookshop was giving Fraser Lambourn a party at the Grand Hotel before he started signing, and that he would owe her something for that. 'You've been invited as my husband, by the way,' Violet added, 'so you can have a word with him there.' Alan became happy again, and *(P)* he eagerly looked forward to the Saturday on which he would meet Fraser Lambourn.

The day came at last, and at the time Violet had told him, Alan was at the door of the hotel room where the party was going to be, looking inside to see if he could recognise his favourite writer, whose photograph he had for a long time. He had a small black beard.

'Yes, there he is!' he said to himself excitedly. 'And he's having a conversation with Violet! Hurrah! What luck!' He went in, and said, 'Hullo, dear' to his wife. She introduced him to the great man.

'Mr Lambourn . . . Violet began.

'Oh, do please call me Fraser,' the writer interrupted with a smile.

'Thank you, Fraser,' Violet said. Then she turned to Alan and said, 'Fraser was telling me about his early days as a ,writer. It was most interesting. Could you repeat what you were saying for Alan, Fraser?' Certainly,' Fraser answered. 'I was telling your charming wife that my real name was Larry Lamb, but

that my agent had advised me to change it if wanted to find a publisher. How right he was!'

'And you were telling me something else too, Fraser,' said Violet with a smile.

'Oh, yes,' the writer continued, 'I was telling Violet that it wasn't till I'd been writing for twelve years that I discovered I had no talent at all as a writer.'

Alan was very surprised and asked Fraser why he hadn't given up writing then.

I couldn't,' declared Fraser. 'By that time 1 was too famous to stop.'

2	Act	Out	the	situ	ation
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Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and how to perform well at a job interview

		Преподаватель			
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			подпись,		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	дготовки / специальность	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания ин	остранных языков и культур ишфр	наименование	<del></del>		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ		языка		
Форма обучения	очная	•			
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Вид контроля	экзамен				<del></del>
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Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				
	текущая	, промежуточна	Я		

# Контрольно-измерительный материал №7

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Joan was very good at science when she was at school, and she was especially interested in computers, so when she finished her education she decided to work with them.

She very much enjoyed the work in the office she joined, and soon she was able to do unusually clever things with computers.

'They're really like friends to me nowadays,' Joan told her mother one evening during supper. '1 can ask them questions, and they answer just like people, but more politely and without arguing, and without one having to wonder whether one is going to hurt their feelings. And they never lie!'

i should hope not!' her mother answered. 'It sounds like the perfect companion - or husband - doesn't it?' They both laughed. 'But can any of them think for themselves?'

'I'm afraid not,' Joan said. 'You can get no more out of them than what you've put in. It's called programming. But it's wonderful what you can get them to do.'

'Well,' Joan's mother said, 'I'm curious to know whether you can programme one of them to give me some advice.'

'I hope so,' answered Joan. 'I'll try it out. What do you want advice about?'

'Well,' her mother answered, 'you know my two watches, don't you?'

'Yes,' Joan answered doubtfully. 'What advice can a computer give you about them?'

'Well,' her mother answered, 'one of them gains one second every hour, and the other has stopped and won't start again. I'd be grateful to know which I should keep. Do you mind asking one of your computers?'

Joan laughed and answered, 'That's a strange thing to ask a computer, but I'll do so. 111 ask Donald. lie s my best computer.'

When she got home the next evening, her mother had forgotten all about her request for advice.

'You remember what you asked about your two watches, Mum?' she said.

'Eh? What's that? My two watches? Oh, yes. I don't suppose your computer could give me any advice.'

'Oh, yes, he could!' Joan replied. 'Donald had the answer in a flash.'

'Donald?' said her mother. 'Oh, you mean your favourite computer.'

'Yes,' answered Joan. 'Donald advised you to keep the watch that has stopped.'

The watch that has stopped?' Joan's mother said. 'Why ever did he advise that?'

Because he pointed out that that watch will be right once every twelve hours, but the other one will be right only once every five years.'

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and environmental problems (air pollution, saving water, etc.)

	Преподаватель			
	троподаванопв	подпись	расшифр	овка подписи
	Заведуюш	ий кафедрой	английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
		подпись		Јурикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
Направление подготовки / специалы	ность <u>45.03.02</u>	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания иностранных языков и ку	<u>льтур</u>	<del></del>		
U	иифр, наименование			
Дисциплина Практический курс	второго иностранного	языка		
Форма обученияочная				<del></del>
	очная, очно-заочная,	заочная		
Вид контроля <u>экзамен</u>				<del></del>
	экзамен, зачег	n		
Вид аттестации промежуточная				
mai	VVIIISA ANOMAYVMOUUS	,		

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Often because they have been afraid of them; they have thought they were signs of terrible things to come, and they were afraid they might hit the earth. In fact, small pieces of comets do from time to time fall on our earth in the form of meteors, some of which are quite large pieces of solid material. One can see examples of these in some museums.

What is a comet? It is a body that goes round our sun, not in a circle like the planets, but in a kind of egg shape that takes it round our solar system, or in some cases perhaps even outside it, and then back in again. The nearest any comet gets to the edge of our sun during its orbits is about 145,0(10 kilometres. The shortest orbit is three years, and the longest is likely to be something like a million years. There are thought to be about 120,000 comets in our solar system.

A comet has a head and one or more long tails. What are they made of? Most scientists believe they are frozen gases and dust, but recently there has been another idea, which is that the head is made of organic material in one or more solid pieces.

How did the comets begin? We do not know, any more than we know how our solar system as a whole began.

Why are comets of scientific interest? Because it is likely that they have changed little if at all since they were first formed, so that they could give us interesting information about the beginnings of our solar system, including our earth. If they are made up of organic material, they could also give us valuable information about the beginnings of life on our earth, especially if, as some scientists now think, the small pieces that fall on our earth can lead to organic changes in it.

Two famous scientists have thought for some time that comets bring living things to earth which are the causes of diseases that have started suddenly among people and animals and that have not been able to be explained before. They say that recent discoveries made with very big telescopes and by the spacecraft Giotto have made this idea more likely to be true. But there are other scientists who do not agree. To get proof of who is right, it is likely that we shall have to wait until we have spacecraft that can get much closer to a comet than they have been able to do so far.

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and holidays in Britain, the USA and Russia.

		Преподаватель	•		
		•	подпись	расшифровка	подписи
		Заведуюі	щий кафедрой	УТВЕІ английской фи факультета Г	
			подпись	Цурик , <i>расшифровка</i> 	кова Л.В. подписи 20
•	дготовки / специальность остранных языков и культур		Лингвистика	/ Теория и м	методика
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		наименование	<del></del>		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ		языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				
	очна	ая, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				
		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
	текущая	, промежуточна	яя		

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mr and Mrs Jones were farmers. They had a small farm, on which they had worked very hard for ages, and they had five children. They had to look after their animals every day from sunrise to sunset, so they never had time for holidays.'

But when Mrs Jones was sixty, and Mr Jones was sixty-five, they decided to let two of their children, who had stayed on on the farm after leaving school, run it for them for two weeks while they went off and had a holiday for the first time at the seaside.

They decided to go to Bournemouth in their old car, and to do some sightseeing in it if possible during their week by the sea. They booked a room in a nice hotel and studied maps to see where they would go for their sightseeing trips in the Bournemouth area.

They started out fairly early one Monday morning in the car, after milking the cows, and reached Bournemouth at eleven o'clock. There they stopped and asked a nice policeman who looked like their son the way to their hotel, and were soon registering at the desk there. Parking the car was no problem, because there was a car park just behind the hotel, and soon they were in a nice room from which they could see the sea and the beautiful sandy beach.

After they had unpacked their cases, they discussed what to do the rest of that day. The sun was shining brightly, and the sea was calm, so they thought they would go down on to the beach. There were already a lot of other people there, bathing, playing games or just lying in the sun.

'We can wait till tomorrow for our first trip,' Mrs Jones said. 'Let's go and see Salisbury then, shall we? We've always wanted to go there.'

'Look at this, dear,' she said to her husband. lie looked for a few seconds and then said in a disappointed voice, 'That doesn't allow us much time for sightseeing, does it?'

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and means of travelling.

		Преподаватель		расшифро	овка подписи
		Заведуюі	ций кафедрой	английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
Направление под		45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания инс	остранных языков и культур				
Дисциплина	шифр, п Практический курс второг	наименование го иностранного	A GOLIVO		
Форма обучения_	очная	о иностранного	ASBINA		
+opina ooy lolliin_		л, очно-заочная	. заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен	,	,		
		экзамен, заче	rm		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				
	текущая,	промежуточна	Я		

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №10

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mrs Matthews lived in a small town where there was one jeweller's shop. It also look in watch repairs, although il had to send them off to London for the work to be done, as there was not enough business to keep an expert watch repairer occupied.

When Mrs Matthews's old father died, she inherited his gold watch, which had belonged to his father and grandfather before him. It was big and heavy and worth a lot of money, but it was broken, so Mrs Matthews took it to be repaired.

The man in the jeweller's shop was very interested to see such an unusual watch, and when he had examined its insides, he said he could certainly have it repaired for her. 'It'll last a long time once that's been done,' he said. He wrote out a ticket and gave it to Mrs Matthews saying, 'Please bring this when you come to pick up the watch. But it might take a bit of time, because it isn't a modern watch.'

But Mrs Matthews had a lot of things to think about after her father died. She had to arrange to sell his little house, and to deal with his money affairs, write to her brother in Australia and so on.

The result was that she completely forgot about the watch that she had taken in for repair, and about the ticket for it, which she had put away in a drawer to keep it safe.

Then, while she was looking through some old drawers one day, she found the ticket for the watch repair.

'What's this?' she said to herself. 'A ticket for a watch repair? Who took a watch in to be repaired? And why didn't they give this ticket in when they went to pick it up?'

She thought back, and suddenly she remembered. 'My father's gold watch!' she thought. 'Didn't I pick it up? When did I take it in?' She looked at the ticket again.

'How old's this ticket?' she said to herself. It was five years old. Mrs Matthews had heard that shops could sell things that people had left with them if they didn't pick them up and pay for them before a certain time. 'But the watch might still be there,' she thought. 'I'll go and see if I can get it back. It might have been sold, but 1 hope not.'

She took the ticket to the jeweller's the next time she went out shopping, and the shopkeeper looked at it and then went to look for the watch without saying a word.

'That's good,' Mrs Matthews thought. 'He didn't seem to mind about the date.'

The man came back after a few minutes and said, 'It won't be ready until Friday.'

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and Rules and regulations in your family.

Преподаватель		
	подпись	расшифровка подписи

#### Описание технологии проведения

Экзамен (зачёт с оценкой) проводится с помощью комплекта контрольно-измерительных материалов №4, содержащего одно письменное и два устных задания. На подготовку ответа отводится 40 минут.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене/зачете с оценкой используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, орфоэпических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание фонетической системы, грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексикофразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка;
- 3) умение применять на практике полученные знания в различных ситуациях межкультурного взаимодействия;
- 4) умение распознавать регистры общения; использовать регистры общения сообразно коммуникативной ситуации;
- 5) умение вести дискуссию по проблемной ситуации, выражать согласие (несогласие) в знак поддержки разговора, проводить свою стратегическую линию в общении в согласии с речевыми интенциями собеседников или вопреки их интенциям;
- 6) владение говорением, аудированием и письмом как видами речевой деятельности;

7) владение приемами эффективного речевого общения в процессе ведения беседы в социально-бытовой сфере.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене (зачете с оценкой) используется 4-балльная шкала: «отлично», «хорошо», «удовлетворительно», «неудовлетворительно».

Vоитории ополирония компотолний	Уровень	Шкада ополок
Критерии оценивания компетенций	сформирова нности компетенций	Шкала оценок
Полное соответствие ответа обучающегося всем перечисленным критериям. Компетенции сформированы полностью, используются систематически. Обучающийся способен корректно порождать речь на изучаемом иностранном языке в соответствии с литературными нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка. Также обучающийся адекватно использует лексико-грамматические, стилистические и фонетические средства изучаемого иностранного языка с соблюдением их семантической, коммуникативной и структурной связности при порождении устных и письменных текстов.	Повышенны й уровень	Отлично
Ответ частично соответствует указанным компетенциям. Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что проявляется в отдельных неточностях и ошибках при ответе. Обучающийся демонстрирует частичное знание форм социальных взаимодействий и умение строить речь в соответствии с литературными нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка. Не всегда корректное использование лексико-грамматических, стилистических и фонетических средства изучаемого иностранного языка.	Базовый уровень	Хорошо
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 35-45% перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся дает неполные ответы на дополнительные вопросы, демонстрирует частичные знания норм изучаемого языка в соответствии с уровнем (A2-B1), допускает ошибки, затрудняющие понимание, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных умений на практике	Пороговый уровень	Удовлетвори- тельно
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, допускает грубые ошибки при построении текста, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (A2-B1).	-	Неудовлетвори- тельно

3 год, 7 семестр

Комплект КИМ №5

				факультета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,	Цурикова Л.В. , расшифровка подписи 20
•	готовки / специальность _ странных языков и культур	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория и методика
		аименование		
Дисциплина			языка	
Форма обучения	очная			
Вид контроля 3		, очно-заочная	, заочная	
Вид аттестации	промежуточная	экзамен, заче	em	
	текущая, г	тромежуточна	าя	
	Контрольно-измері	ительный мат	гериал №1	
There is not end we going to do when In the Second W plants instead, and better than nothing.  Besides gas, we countries have coal, have big, strong rive We are also able tide comes up, it turknow that the waves	ad put some questions to the sough petrol in the world for even it finishes? Perhaps we will gorld War, some people did not then they put it in big bags or But we cannot cut down all out e can also use electricity for and they make electricity with ers, and these turn turbines and to get power from the tides. You so the turbines, and when it rus of the sea can also turn turbines the things will make our electricity will be things will make our electricity.	erybody now, a go back to horse to use petrol in the top of their car trees to make our cars, but fire that, but we will make electric We put turbines uns back towar nes when they go	and each year to see and carriage their cars. They rears. The cars do gas; we need to gas; we must make the mouth control of the sea, it to go up and down	s and bicycles. made gas from wood and id not go fast, but it was them for other things too. ake the electricity! Some ave coal. Other countries and cheaply. of a river. Then, when the urns them again. And we
2. Act out the situati Two students meet in your family.	on. greet each other, pay complim	ents, talk about	t the weather a	nd rules and regulations
	Γ	lреподаватель		расшифровка подписи
		Заведуюі	щий кафедрой	УТВЕРЖДАЮ английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,	Цурикова Л.В. , расшифровка подписи 20
•	готовки / специальность _ странных языков и культур шифр. н	<u>45.03.02</u> наименование	Лингвистика	/ Теория и методика
Дисциплина Форма обучения	Практический курс второгоочная		э языка 	

Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии

очная, очно-заочная, заочная				
Вид контроля <u>зачет</u>				
экзамен, зачет Вид аттестации промежуточная				
текущая, промежуточная				
Контрольно-измерительный материал №2				
1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.				
Derek was a little boy. He lived with his parents in a small house in a town. They did not have a big garden.				
Derek liked animals very much. One day he said to his father, "I've got a little money, Daddy. Can I buy a pony, please?"				
But his father answered, "No, Derek, we can't have a pony in the garden, because it's too small and we haven't got a field. People who keep ponies in small gardens without a field are unkind. Ponies need a lot of space."				
Derek did not want to be unkind to a pony, so he did not ask his father again.  But then his father got a job in another place, and he and his family left their small house in the town and went and lived in a bigger house in the country. It had a nice garden and a field, and Derek was very				
happy.  There was a farm near their new house, and there were horses, cows and a few sheep there. Derek went to see them every day. He was five years old now, and he began to think of a pony again.  "My birthday is next month," he thought. "Perhaps Daddy will buy me a pony then." After a little time, he began to talk about ponies to his parents again.  Then his birthday came. His parents gave him a few pice presents. but there was no pany. Derek was				
Then his birthday came. His parents gave him a few nice presents—but there was no pony. Derek was sad.				
But then suddenly his Uncle Tom arrived. He was a farmer —and he had a big pony with him.  "Hello, Derek," Uncle Tom said, "Happy birthday. This is your birthday present from me and Aunt Mary."  Derek was a little afraid, because the pony was very big. He looked at it for a few minutes and then he said to his uncle, "Is he for me, or am I for him?"				
<ol> <li>Act out the situation.</li> <li>Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and shopping.</li> </ol>				
Преподаватель подпись расшифровка подписи				
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ				
Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20				
Направление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика</u> преподавания иностранных языков и культур				
шифр, наименование				
Дисциплина Практический курс второго иностранного языка				
Форма обученияочная				
очная, очно-заочная, заочная Вид контроля <u>зачет</u>				
= · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

Вид аттестации \_\_\_\_\_промежуточная текущая, промежуточная

экзамен, зачет

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №3

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Sally was nineteen years old. She had always lived with her parents, but now the time had come for her to go to university in another part of the country to study to be a doctor Her mother was very sad about this, and she was also afraid, because she loved her daughter very much, and she thought, "My little girl will be alone for the first time in her life. She won't know anybody. There will be nobody to look after her, and perhaps she will have trouble, or she will be very sad because she isn't with us."

Sally said goodbye to her father and to her cat, and promised to telephone every week. Then her mother took her to the university by train. When they said goodbye, her mother cried, and on the way back home she cried again.

Then every week Sally kept her promise and telephoned. They talked for several minutes, and Sally was always very happy and never said that she missed her parents. Her mother was not glad about this. She thought, "Perhaps she's finding the university nicer than her home."

But then some holidays were getting near. That week, when Sally telephoned her parents, she said, "The students who live here were talking yesterday evening, and they said, 'We're very happy that we're going to return home again soon for a few days.' "

Sally's mother was very glad that the students had said this. "She must really miss us," she thought. Then she said, "And did you say that too?"

"Oh, yes!" Sally answered "We all said that it's easy to speak to our parents on the telephone every week when we're away, but we really miss our pets!"

2.	Act	out	the	situat	ion.
Tv	WO 0	tudo	nto	moot	aroo

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and health problems.

		Преподаватель		расшифр	эвка пос	дписи
		Заведуюі	ций кафедрой			логии
			подпись	L , расшифро		
Направление под		45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и мет	<u>годика</u>
преподавания инос	транных языков и культур	U2UMQUQQQUUQ	<del></del>			
Дисциплина	шифр, <u>Практический курс вторс</u>	, <i>наименование</i> Эго иностранного	O GSFINS			
Форма обучения	очная	<u>ло иноотранного</u>	7 7 7 3 DING			
. op		ая, очно-заочная	. заочная			
Вид контроля за	ачет					
		экзамен, заче	em			
Вид аттестации	промежуточная					
	текущая	, промежуточна	Я			

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №4

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

When Mr Holland was a young man, he played a lot of football, and he had always been thin and very strong. But then he worked in an office for many years, and he drove to work in a car, so when he was

forty, he was fat and very soft, and he did not wish to get fatter and softer every year.

One day one of his friends said to him, "Would you like to be thinner, Fred?"

"Of course 1 would," Mr Holland answered.

"Well," his friend said, "stop going to your office by car, and get a bicycle."

Mr Holland had not ridden a bicycle for many years. "It's very hard to learn to ride a bicycle again at your age," his wife said.

But it was not too hard for Mr Holland to do. He usually sat in his living room and read the newspaper in the evening, but he bought a bicycle for his birthday and practised riding that every evening instead. He hoped that it would help him to get thinner, and he got a lot of pleasure from it.

He found little roads which were not really very narrow, but were too narrow for cars, and there he got away from the nasty noises of the city, which were becoming too much for him. They were not really very loud, but they were too loud for Mr Holland.

Then he began to go to his office on his bicycle. Sometimes all the cars stopped at a red light, and he went past them to the front, because his bicycle was narrow. Then he was very happy.

Yesterday he stopped at a red light, and a man came up behind him on another bicycle. He stopped too and said to Mr Holland, "Have the police taken your driving licence away too?"

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and renting accommodation.

		Преподаватель			
				расшифро	овка подписи
		Заведуюι	ций кафедрой	английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	отовки / специальность гранных языков и культур	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания инос		наименование	· · · · · · ·		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ		языка		
Форма обучения	очная				
	очна	я, очно-заочная,	, заочная		
Вид контроля <u>за</u>	чет				
_		экзамен, заче	m		
Вид аттестации	промежуточная				<del></del>
	текущая	, промежуточна	Я		

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №5

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mary Williams was a clever young lady. She lived alone and had a very important business job in a big company. She worked very hard in it. She was never absent, she always arrived at her office early and left late, and she often took reports home with her to read. At weekends she seldom went anywhere, and she was always working then too.

Jill Thomas was a friend of Mary's. In fact, she was Mary's best friend. They had gone to the same school, and both of them were clever women, but Jill was married, and she did not want to get a job. "I'm quite happy at home with Len," she always said. "I don't want to be too busy to have fun."

Jill and Len liked walking very' much, and nearly every weekend they went to the mountains and walked

there. They also liked dancing very much, and they often went out in the evening and danced till the early hours of the next morning. And when they had their holidays, they climbed all the mountains one by one and swam and sailed on a lake and danced nearly all the time.

One year Jill said to Mary, "Would you like to have a holiday with us this year, Mary?" Mary was very happy, so Jill and Mary and Len had two weeks together. Mary enjoyed her holiday, but she was very tired after they had climbed all the mountains and swum every day and danced every night.

The next summer, Jill offered to take Mary on their holiday again.

'Thank you very much," answered Mary', "but I'm going to be quite honest with you: I'm sorry that I can't come, because I've worked a lot this year and I'm tired. But I don't need a holiday: I need a rest!"

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and dating.

	Г	Іреподаватель				
				расшифро	овка подпи	сu
		Заведуюι	ций кафедрой	і английско	ТВЕРЖДАІ й филологі ета РГФ ВГ	ИΝ
			подпись,	Ц , расшифро	урикова Л. овка подпис 20_	си
Направление под	цготовки / специальность <sub>_</sub>	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методи	<u>іка</u>
преподавания ино	странных языков и культур		<del></del>			
	шифр, н	аименование				
Дисциплина	Практический курс второго	иностранного	языка			
Форма обучения_	очная					
	очная,	очно-заочная,	, заочная			
Вид контроля3	зачет					
		экзамен, заче	m			
Вид аттестации	промежуточная					
	mekvillag i	помежуточна	a			

# Контрольно-измерительный материал №6

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mr Robinson died, and after that only Mrs Robinson lived in their small house. She was very old.

Her son John lived with his wife and child in another street, and he often said to his mother, "You must come and live with us," but she always answered, "No, I'm very happy in my'little house, and I don't want to leave it."

At eight o'clock one morning the old woman - telephoned her son and said, "Please come to my house." Then she put the phone down.

John's wife said, "Who was that?"

"It was Mother," he answered.

"What did she want?"

"She wants me. Perhaps she's ill. I'll take the car and go to work from her house." He took his car out and drove to his mother's house guickly.

When the old woman opened the door, her son said, "What's the matter. Mother?"

"Come in," she answered. "There's a thief in one of my cupboards."

"A thief in one of your cupboards?" said John. "When did you find him?"

"1 heard noises in a cupboard yesterday evening," she answered.

"Which one?" John asked quietly. They were in the diningroom now.

'That one," the old woman answered.

- "Why didn't you telephone me then?" John asked.
- "Because it was late, and I didn't want to trouble you," she answered.
- "But the thief hasn't stayed in the cupboard all night, has he?" asked John.
- "Oh, yes, he has," the old woman answered. "I nailed the door up, and then I went to bed."

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and plan your ideal summer holiday.

		<b>Преподаватель</b>	)		
				расшифро	овка подписи
		Заведуюі	щий кафедрой	английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	отовки / специальность	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания инос	транных языков и культур	наименование	• • •		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второг		языка		
Форма обучения	очная	•			
. ,	очная	і, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля <u>за</u>	чет				
_		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации	промежуточная				<del></del>
	текущая,	промежуточна	19		

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №7

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

While Bill was still at school, he used to earn some money by delivering newspapers, but when he left school, he was ready to get himself a proper job. "I'll work in a bank," he scid to himself, "because my uncle has always worked in one."

He went to his aunt and said, "I think that the work is easy. Uncle Bob can do it, so I can." His aunt smiled, but did not say anything.

When Bill's uncle came home that evening, his wife told him that Bill wanted to work in a bank, and his uncle said, "That's a good idea, but there are no jobs in my bank just now."

So Bill went to several other banks and asked for a job and in the end he got one, "You may work here for a month," the manager said, "and if you're good enough, you can stay after that. You'll work with Mr Unwin for the first month. He'll take you round and train you, and report to me about you."

Mr Unwin was one of the other clerks in the bank, and he had been there for many years. He took Bill round the bank, and Bill learned a lot of things from him. Some of these lessons were not easy.

Then one day Mr Unwin gave Bill some one pound notes. "Count these/ he ordered him. "There ought to be one hundred there. If there aren't, tell me. And try not to make any mistakes."

Bill sat down by Mr Unwin and began to count the notes. But he was lazy, and when he had counted half of them, he became tired. "Fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three," he said, and then he stopped, looked at Mr Unwin and pointed at the notes.

"Well," he said, "if they're correct up to here, they'll all be correct, won't they?"

2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and eating habits in Britain and Russia.

Преподаватель	

#### Описание технологии проведения

Экзамен (зачёт с оценкой) проводится с помощью комплекта контрольно-измерительных материалов №5, содержащего одно письменное и два устных задания. На подготовку ответа отводится 40 минут.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене/зачете с оценкой используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, орфоэпических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка:
- 2) знание фонетической системы, грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексикофразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка:
- 3) умение применять на практике полученные знания в различных ситуациях межкультурного взаимодействия;
- 4) умение распознавать регистры общения; использовать регистры общения сообразно коммуникативной ситуации;
- 5) умение вести дискуссию по проблемной ситуации, выражать согласие (несогласие) в знак поддержки разговора, проводить свою стратегическую линию в общении в согласии с речевыми интенциями собеседников или вопреки их интенциям;
- 6) владение говорением, аудированием и письмом как видами речевой деятельности;
- 7) владение приемами эффективного речевого общения в процессе ведения беседы в социально-бытовой и профессиональной сферах.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене (зачете с оценкой) используется 4-балльная шкала: «отлично», «хорошо», «удовлетворительно», «неудовлетворительно».

Критерии оценивания компетенций	Уровень сформирова нности компетенций	Шкала оценок
Полное соответствие ответа обучающегося всем перечисленным критериям. Компетенции сформированы полностью, используются систематически. Обучающийся способен корректно порождать речь на изучаемом иностранном языке в соответствии с литературными нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка. Также обучающийся адекватно использует лексико-грамматические, стилистические и фонетические средства изучаемого иностранного языка с соблюдением их семантической, коммуникативной и структурной связности при порождении устных и письменных текстов.	Повышенны й уровень	Отлично
Ответ частично соответствует указанным компетенциям. Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что проявляется в отдельных неточностях и ошибках при ответе. Обучающийся демонстрирует частичное знание форм социальных взаимодействий и умение строить речь в	Базовый уровень	Хорошо

соответствии с литературными нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка. Не всегда корректное использование лексико-грамматических, стилистических и фонетических средства изучаемого иностранного языка.  Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 35-45% перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся дает неполные ответы на дополнительные вопросы, демонстрирует частичные знания норм изучаемого языка в соответствии с уровнем (В2), допускает ошибки, затрудняющие понимание, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных умений на практике	Пороговый уровень	Удовлетвори- тельно
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, допускает грубые ошибки при построении текста, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (В2).	-	Неудовлетвори- тельно

3 год, 8 семестр

#### Комплект КИМ №6

	УТВЕРЖДАЮ
	Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии
	факультета РГФ ВГУ
	Цурикова Л.В.
	подпись, расшифровка подписи
	20
Направление подготовки / специальность	45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика
преподавания иностранных языков и культур	
шифр, наим	менование
Дисциплина <u>Практический курс второго ин</u>	<u>ностранного языка</u>
Форма обученияочная	
очная, оч	но-заочная, заочная
Вид контроля <u>экзамен</u>	
ЭК	замен, зачет
Вид аттестации <u>промежуточная</u>	
текущая, про	межуточная

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №1

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Three young men were playing with a gun in a street in a quiet area of the town after dark when one of them fired it by mistake without aiming it at anything\*} The bullet broke a window in an old lady's house\*.

The young men made off at once when they saw the damage they had done, but the old lady looked out of a window when she heard the explosion, and she recognized one of them as the son of a man and woman who lived not far from her.

The old lady complained to the police, and a detective came to her house. The old lady gave him a detailed account of everything that had happened, and then the detective asked her if she knew where the young man lived. The old lady told him that too, so the detective went to the young man's house. He and

his companions tried to hide, but the detective found them and the gun and took them to the police station\*

There his chief officer questioned the young men to find out which of them owned the gun, but none of them was willing to say. The young man who owned the gun did not dare to admit that he did, because he did not have a licence for it.

At last the chief officer decided to put an end to the conversation, so he turned to the detective and demanded to know whether he had got an officer's permission to take the gun away from the young man who owned it.

The detective felt anxious when he heard this question. "No, sir," he answered nervously, "I didn't get it."

"In that case," the officer declared angrily, "you were quite wrong to take it away from him. You'd better return it immediately, or there'll be trouble!"

This made the young men smile happily at each other, and as soon as the detective held the gun out and said, "Here you are," one of them put his hand out in order to get it back.

That is how the officer finally discovered whom the gun belonged to.

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and proes and cons of mobile phones.

		Преподаватель		расшифро	рвка подписи
		Заведуюі	ций кафедрой	английскої	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
•	дготовки / специальность остранных языков и культур	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
		наименование	<del></del>		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ	го иностранного	языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				
	очна	я, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				<del></del>
_		экзамен, заче	m		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				<del></del>
	текущая,	промежуточна	Я		

# Контрольно-измерительный материал №2

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mr Gray travelled a lot on business. He sold machines of various kinds to farmers. It was not really a very exciting job, but Mr Gray had always been interested in farming, and he was quite satisfied with his life.

He had a big car, and usually enjoyed driving it long distances, but he was quite satisfied to go by train sometimes too, especially when the weather was bad. He was a little frightened of driving in rain or snow, and it was less tiring to sit comfortably in a train and look out of the window without being worried about how one was going to get to the next place.

One of Mr Gray's problems was often where to stay when he reached some small place in the country. He did not expect great comfort and wonderful food, but he found it annoying when he was given a cold room, and there was no hot water or good food after a long and tiring day.

Late one winter evening, Mr Gray arrived at a small railway station. The journey by train that day had not been at all interesting, and Mr Gray was cold and tired and hungry. He was looking forward to a simple but satisfying meal by a brightly burning fire, and then a hot bath and comfortable bed.

While he was walking to the taxi rank, he said to a local man who was also walking there, "As this is my first visit to this part of the country and I was in too much of a hurry to find out about hotels before I left home, I would very much like to know how many you have here."

The local man answered, "We have two."

"And which of the two would you advise me to go to?" Mr Gray asked then.

The local man scratched his head for a few moments and then answered, "Well, it's like this: whichever one you go to, you'll be sorry you didn't go to the other."

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and proes and cons of computers.

		Преподаватель		
		р этгодагат отг	подпись	расшифровка подписи
		Заведуюц	ций кафедрой	УТВЕРЖДАЮ английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,	Цурикова Л.В. расшифровка подписи 20
Направление по	дготовки / специальность	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория и методика
преподавания ин	остранных языков и культур			
	шифр,	наименование		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ	го иностранного	языка	
Форма обучения_	очная			
	очна	я, очно-заочная,	заочная	
Вид контроля	экзамен			
		экзамен, заче	m	
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная			
	текущая	, промежуточна	Я	

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №3

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Mrs Hammond was old and blind, but she was determined to do everything for herself. She even used to go for walks alone from her cottage once a day for exercise and fresh air, and found her way by touching things with her white stick. She learnt where everything was, so she never lost her way.

But then one day some men came and cut down some of the familiar pine trees at the side of one of the paths which she followed. When she reached that place that evening, she did not feel the trees with her stick, so she was in difficulties.

She stopped for a minute and listened, but she did not hear any other people, so she went ahead for a kilometre or two, and then she heard water beneath her.

"Water?" she said aloud, and paused. "Am I lost? I suppose so. I must be on a bridge, I suppose, and there must be a river under me. I've been told that there's a river in this part of the country, but I don't know its exact position. How am I going to get back to my cottage from here?"

All at once she heard a man's friendly voice near her. It said, "Excuse me, can I help you?"

"How kind of you!" Mrs Hammond answered. "Yes, please. I'm lost. Some of the trees which I follow when I go for my walk every evening had been removed today, and if I hadn't been lucky enough to come across you, I don't know what I'd have done. Can you please help me to get home?"

"Certainly," the man answered. "Where do you live?"

Mrs Hammond told him, and they began walking. The man took Mrs Hammond to her cottage, and she invited him in and gave him some coffee and a piece of cake. She told the man how grateful she was that she had met him.

"Don't thank me," he answered. "I want to thank you."

"Thank me?" Mrs Hammond said. "Whatever for?"

"Well," the man answered quietly, "I was balanced on the edge of that bridge for ages in the dark, because I was trying to make up my mind to throw myself into the river and drown myself. But I'm not going to do it now."

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and how to perform well at a job interview.

		Преподаватель	•		
		•	подпись	расшифро	овка подписи
		Заведуюі	щий кафедрой	английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись		урикова Л.В. овка подписи 20
Направление по	дготовки / специальность	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
преподавания ин	остранных языков и культур				
•	шифр	наименование			
Дисциплина	Практический курс второ	ого иностранного	языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	ОЧН	ая, очно-заочная	, заочная		
Вид контроля	экзамен				
		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации _	промежуточная				<del></del>
	текущая	, промежуточна	Я		

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №4

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Jim lived with his parents until he was twenty-one years old, and then he got a job in the office of a big factory in another town, so he left home. He found a comfortable little flat which had two rooms, a small kitchen and a bathroom, and he lived there on his own.

At first he cleaned it himself, but he did not want to have to go on doing this, so he determined to find someone else to do it instead of him. He asked a lot of his fellow workers at the factory what they did about this, and at last one of the men said, "Oh, Mrs Roper comes and cleans my flat regularly. She washes the dishes, irons my shirts and keeps the place neat and tidy and so on. I'll introduce her to you, if you like. She's a charming old lady. She does her best, but she hasn't got much energy."

"Well, you'd better ask her to come and see me, please," Jim answered. So the next evening Mrs Roper came to see him, and she agreed with pleasure to come to his flat every morning for an hour.

After she had been working for Jim for two weeks, he looked at the mirror in his bedroom and thought, "That mirror looks very dusty. Mrs Roper's forgotten to clean it. I can write on it with my finger." He wrote a message in the dust: "I'm coughing whenever I breathe because everything in this room is very dusty."

He came home at 7 o'clock that evening, and when he had eaten his supper, he went into his bedroom and looked at the mirror. "That silly woman still hasn't cleaned it!" he said to himself. "All it needs is a cloth!" But then he bent down and saw a bottle in front of the mirror. "I didn't put that bottle there," he thought.

"She's written some words on it," he said to himself. He read the words. They were: "Cough medicine". 2. Act out the situation. Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and environmental problems (air pollution, saving water, etc.) Преподаватель \_ подпись расшифровка подписи **УТВЕРЖДАЮ** Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи \_\_\_.\_\_.20\_\_\_ Направление подготовки / специальность \_\_\_\_\_45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика преподавания иностранных языков и культур шифр, наименование Дисциплина Практический курс второго иностранного языка Форма обучения очная очная, очно-заочная, заочная

"Mrs Roper must have left it." He picked the bottle up and looked at it carefully.

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №5

текущая, промежуточная

экзамен, зачет

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Вид контроля <u>экзамен</u>

Вид аттестации промежуточная

Mathew lived in a big city, and his hair was always cut by the same hairdresser. Mathew went to him once a month. He was allowed one hour for his lunch every day, and on the mornings when his hair was going to be cut, he made himself some sandwiches to eat in the hairdresser's.

The hairdresser had a very small shop near Mathew's office, and he worked alone, but he always cut Mathew's hair exactly as Mathew liked it, and while he was doing it, the two men talked about football or cricket.

But the hairdresser was an old man, and one day, when Mathew was sitting in his chair, and his hair was being cut as usual, the old man said to him, "Mathew, I'm going to he sixty- five years old next month, so I'm going to retire. I'm going to sell my shop to a young man who wants to be a hairdresser. The shop's being paid for by the young man's father."

Mathew was very sad to hear this, because he enjoyed talking to the old man, and he was also worried that his hair would not be cut as well by the new young man as it had been for so many years by his old friend.

He went to the shop again the next month, and the new man was there. He cut Mathew's hair, but he did it very badly.

The next month, Mathew went into the shop again. The young man asked him how he would like his hair cut, and Mathew answered, "Please cut it very short on the right side, but leave it as it is on the left. It

must cover my ear. On top, cut all the hair away in the middle, but leave a piece at the front which can hang down to my chin."

The young man was very surprised when he heard this. "But sir," he said, "I can't cut your hair like that!"

"Why not?" Mathew asked. "That's how you cut it last time.

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and holidays in Britain, the USA and Russia.

Преподаватель
подпись расшифровка подписи
УТВЕРЖДАЮ Заведующий кафедрой английской филологии факультета РГФ ВГУ
Цурикова Л.В. подпись, расшифровка подписи 20
аправление подготовки / специальность <u>45.03.02 Лингвистика / Теория и методика</u>
реподавания иностранных языков и культур
шифр, наименование
исциплина <u>Практический курс второго иностранного языка</u>
орма обучения очная
очная, очно-заочная
ид контроля <u>экзамен</u>
экзамен, зачет
ид аттестациипромежуточная

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №6

текущая, промежуточная

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

When Polly left school, she had no idea what she wanted to do. A friend of hers, who was a year older, and whose name was Josephine, was at art college, and she persuaded Polly to join her there.

Polly's father worked in a factory, and her mother worked in a shop. They were saving their money to buy their own house, and they had hoped that Polly would start earning too as soon as she left school, so when she told them that she wanted to go to art college, she expected them to have objections. But in fact they had none.

"You'll have to find some kind of a job to pay for your college," Polly's mother warned her. "Your father and I will be very happy to keep you at home, but we have no money for your college course, and none for paints and all the other things you'll need."

"Thank you very much," Polly answered. "I'm really very grateful to you both. And there's no problem about getting a job; the head of the art college has offered me one in their library."

After a few months, Polly's parents really felt very proud that their daughter was going to college, especially when she brought home some of the things she had painted, for which she had received high praise from her teachers.

Polly sometimes went to museums to see paintings by famous artists, and one day she said to her parents, "Why don't you come to a museum with me one day? Then I can tell you all about the paintings, and you can see the kinds of things I'm trying to do myself."

Polly's mother was free on Thursday afternoons and on Saturdays, but her father sometimes had to work on those days. They waited until one Saturday when he didn't have to work, and then they all went off to the museum that Polly had chosen. She showed her parents some famous paintings, and then they

came to one that they recognized. "This," Polly said, pointing to it, "is Van Gogh's 'Sunflowers'."

"What cheek!" her father answered. "He's copied the picture we've had in our hall for the last ten years!"

2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and means of travelling.

		Преподаватель		расшифр	овка подписи
		Заведуюі	ций кафедрой	английско	ТВЕРЖДАЮ й филологии ета РГФ ВГУ
			подпись,		Цурикова Л.В. овка по∂писи 20
•	готовки / специальность странных языков и культур	45.03.02	Лингвистика	/ Теория	и методика
проподавания инс		наименование	· · · · · ·		
Дисциплина	Практический курс второг		языка		
Форма обучения_	очная				
. , ,	очная	я, очно-заочная	, заочная		<del></del>
Вид контроля	экзамен				
		экзамен, заче	em		
Вид аттестации	промежуточная				

#### Контрольно-измерительный материал №7

текущая, промежуточная

1. Read the story and put some questions to the story and retell it.

Helen was a student at a university. She was studying English. She was a clever girl, and she was also very good at sports and games. Her best sport was throwing the javelin, and she always won a prize for that at university games.

Helen's best friend was called Mary. She went to the same classes as Helen, and she was a very good runner. The two girls often went out together in the evenings.

One evening they went to practise their sports in the university grounds, and when they had finished, they walked part of the way home together, but at one corner they had to say goodbye, because their homes were in different directions.

"Be careful on your way home," Mary said to Helen. "I would be happier if our houses were nearer."

"Me too," answered Helen. The streets were very quiet at that time of the evening.

The next morning Helen and Mary met at an English class, and Helen said to Mary, "Do you know what happened to me after I left you yesterday evening?"

"No," answered Mary anxiously. "What happened to you?"

"Well," Helen said, "while I was walking home along that quiet street near my house, a thief came up behind me and pulled my necklace off my neck and ran away with it."

"I wish I'd been there," Mary said angrily. "If I had been, I'd have run after the man and I'd probably have caught him. But what are you going to do now? Have you been to the police?"

"No," Helen answered with a smile.

"Why not?" Mary asked in surprise.

"Because," Helen answered, "when the man pulled my necklace, I turned round suddenly and put my hand out to try to stop him. I caught a chain which he was wearing round his neck and pulled it off him. My necklace was a cheap one which was not real silver; but this chain is made of real gold! If I went to the police, I might have to give it to them."

#### 2. Act out the situation.

Two students meet greet each other, pay compliments, talk about the weather and rules and regulations in your family.

Преподаватель		
•	подпись	расшифровка подписи

#### Описание технологии проведения

Экзамен (зачёт с оценкой) проводится с помощью комплекта контрольно-измерительных материалов №6, содержащего одно письменное и два устных задания. На подготовку ответа отводится 40 минут.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене/зачете с оценкой используются следующие показатели:

- 1) знание орфографических, орфоэпических, лексических и грамматических норм изучаемого языка;
- 2) знание фонетической системы, грамматического строя, необходимого объема лексикофразеологических единиц и функционально-стилистических характеристик иностранного языка:
- 3) умение применять на практике полученные знания в различных ситуациях межкультурного взаимодействия;
- 4) умение распознавать регистры общения; использовать регистры общения сообразно коммуникативной ситуации;
- 5) умение вести дискуссию по проблемной ситуации, выражать согласие (несогласие) в знак поддержки разговора, проводить свою стратегическую линию в общении в согласии с речевыми интенциями собеседников или вопреки их интенциям;
- 6) владение говорением, аудированием и письмом как видами речевой деятельности;
- 7) владение приемами эффективного речевого общения в процессе ведения беседы в социально-бытовой сфере.

Для оценивания результатов обучения на экзамене (зачете с оценкой) используется 4-балльная шкала: «отлично», «хорошо», «удовлетворительно», «неудовлетворительно».

	Уровень	
Критерии оценивания компетенций	сформирова	Шкала оценок
	нности	
	компетенций	
Полное соответствие ответа обучающегося всем	Повышенны	Отлично
перечисленным критериям. Компетенции сформированы	й уровень	
полностью, используются систематически. Обучающийся		
способен корректно порождать речь на изучаемом		
иностранном языке в соответствии с литературными		
нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного		
бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с		
носителями изучаемого языка. Также обучающийся		
адекватно использует лексико-грамматические,		
стилистические и фонетические средства изучаемого		
иностранного языка с соблюдением их семантической,		
коммуникативной и структурной связности при порождении		
устных и письменных текстов.		

Ответ частично соответствует указанным компетенциям. Компетенции в целом сформированы, но проявляются и используются фрагментарно, не в полном объеме, что проявляется в отдельных неточностях и ошибках при ответе. Обучающийся демонстрирует частичное знание форм социальных взаимодействий и умение строить речь в соответствии с литературными нормами, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка. Не всегда корректное использование лексико-грамматических, стилистических и фонетических средства изучаемого иностранного языка.	Базовый уровень	Хорошо
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 35-45% перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся дает неполные ответы на дополнительные вопросы, демонстрирует частичные знания норм изучаемого языка в соответствии с уровнем (В2), допускает ошибки, затрудняющие понимание, испытывает значительные трудности при применении полученных умений на практике	Пороговый уровень	Удовлетвори- тельно
Ответ на контрольно-измерительный материал не соответствует 46% (и более) перечисленных показателей. Обучающийся демонстрирует отрывочные, фрагментарные знания, допускает грубые ошибки при построении текста, используемый лексико-грамматический запас не соответствует изучаемому уровню (B2).	-	Неудовлетвори- тельно

# 20.3 Фонд оценочных средств сформированности компетенций студентов, рекомендуемый для проведения диагностических работ

- ОПК-3.1 Способен свободно порождать и понимать речь на изучаемом иностранном языке в его литературной форме, включая профессиональное письменное и устное общение
- ОПК-3.2 Адекватно использует лексико-грамматические, стилистические, фонетические средства изучаемого иностранного языка с соблюдением их семантической, коммуникативной и структурной связности при порождении устных и письменных текстов в соответствии с языковой нормой, прагматическими и социокультурными параметрами коммуникации
- ОПК 3.3 Владеет официальным, нейтральным, неофициальным регистрами коммуникации и конвенциями речевого общения в иноязычном социуме, а также правилами и традициями межкультурного бытового и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка
- ОПК-4.2 Владеет необходимыми интеракциональными и контекстными знаниями, позволяющими преодолевать влияние стереотипов и адаптироваться к изменяющимся условиям при контакте с представителями различных культур
- ОПК-4.3 Владеет конвенциями речевого общения в иноязычном социуме в устной и письменной форме, правилами и традициями межкультурного общего и профессионального взаимодействия с носителями изучаемого языка

#### Перечень заданий для оценки сформированности компетенции:

# 1) закрытые задания (тестовые, средний уровень сложности):1 балл

Nº	Задание	Ответ
1	Выберите правильный ответ.	b
	Choose the correct answer.	
	It when they went out.	

	a) rained	
	b) was raining	
	c) is raining	
	d) was to rain	
2	Выберите правильный ответ.	а
	Choose the correct answer.	
	Did you TV last night?	
	a) watch	
	b) see	
	c) look at	
	d) listen	
3	Выберите правильный ответ.	b
	Choose the correct answer.	
	That's the hotel we had lunch.	
	a) what	
	b) where	
	c) that	
	d) which	
4	Выберите правильный ответ.	а
	Choose the correct answer.	
	Diana some wine when she went to France.	
	a) bought	
	b) buyed	
	c) boot	
	d) did buy	
5	Выберите правильный ответ.	С
	Choose the correct answer.	
	I don't get very well with my brother.	
	a) by	
	b) from	
	c) on	
	d) to	
6	Выберите правильный ответ.	а
	Choose the correct answer.	
	Tom always golf on Sundays.	
	a) plays	
	b) play	
	c) to play	
	d) is plays	
7	Выберите правильный ответ.	d
	Choose the correct answer.	
	Mary a key when she was cleaning her car.	
	a) was finding	
	b) finded	

	c) founded	
	d) found	
8	Выберите правильный ответ.	а
	Choose the correct answer.	
	I worked hard, I didn't pass the test.	
	a) Although	
	b) So	
	c) Because	
	d) But	
9	Выберите правильный ответ.	d
	Choose the correct answer.	
	My parents to stay with us next week.	
	a) comes	
	b) coming	
	c) is coming	
	d) are coming	
10	Выберите правильный ответ.	а
	Choose the correct answer.	
	Come on, it's time	
	a) to go	
	b) going	
	c) we go	
	d) go	
11	Выберите правильный ответ.	d
	Choose the correct answer.	
	I'm really tired – I only got hours' sleep.	
	a) not many	
	b) a few	
	c) a little	
	d) few	
12	Выберите правильный ответ.	а
	Choose the correct answer.	
	Your papers are on the floor. Why don't you?	
	a) pick them up	
	b) pick up them	
	c) pick up to them	
	d) pick them	
13	Выберите правильный ответ.	С
	Choose the correct answer.	
	If you take your time, the right decision.	
	a) you make	
	b) you'd make	
	c) you'll make d) you're making	
14	Выберите правильный ответ.	a
' -	Bullophilo ilpabilibili o ibol.	<u> ۳</u>

		rrect answer.	
	I the museum because I hadn't brought a m	ар.	
	a) couldn't find		
	b) couldn't to find		
	c) can't find		
	d) hadn't found		
15	Выберите правильный ответ.		b
	Choose the correct answer.		
	I think the battery's in this camera.		
	a) out		
	b) missing		
	c) losing		
	d) missed		
16	Выберите правильный ответ.		a
	Choose the correct answer.		
	Kate nor I want to go to London.		
	a) Neither		
	b) Both		
	c) Either		
	d) Not		
17	Выберите правильный ответ.		d
	Choose the correct answer.		
	We together since last year.		
	a) live		
	b) are living		
	c) lived		
	d) 've been living		
18	Выберите правильный ответ.		С
	Choose the correct answer.		
	What's the matter? You sad.		
	a) see		
	b) look like		
	c) look		
	d) 're look		
19	Выберите правильный ответ.		b
	Choose the correct answer.		
	This food isn't		
	a) enough hot		
	b) hot enough		
	c) much hot		
	d) very much hot		
20	Выберите правильный ответ.		a
	Choose the correct answer.		
	What tomorrow night?		

	a) are you doing	
	b) do you do	
	c) you do	
	d) are you do	

# 2) открытые задания (тестовые, повышенный уровень сложности): 2 балла

Nº	Задание	Ответ
1	Измените слово в скобках так, чтобы оно лексически и грамматически подходило в пропуск.	confident
	Use the word in brackets to form a new word that fits into the blank in the sentence.	
	I wear a lot of make-up in order to feel (CONFIDENCE).	
2	Измените слово в скобках так, чтобы оно лексически и грамматически подходило в пропуск.	useless
	Use the word in brackets to form a new word that fits into the blank in the sentence.	
	The manual is completely All the information is out-of-date (USE)	
3	Измените слово в скобках так, чтобы оно лексически и грамматически подходило в пропуск.	entertainment
	Use the word in brackets to form a new word that fits into the blank in the sentence.	
	I love all forms of, including ballet and opera (ENTERTAIN).	
4	Измените слово в скобках так, чтобы оно лексически и грамматически подходило в пропуск.	arrival
	Use the word in brackets to form a new word that fits into the blank in the sentence.	
	The mid-20th century saw the of pop music. (ARRIVE)	
5	Измените слово в скобках так, чтобы оно лексически и грамматически подходило в пропуск.	strengthen
	Use the word in brackets to form a new word that fits into the blank in the sentence.	
	You need to your muscles if you want to become a bodybuilder (STRONG)	
6	Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо	make
	пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово. Обратите внимание на слова до и после пропуска.	
	Fill in a word that fits best into the blanks. Look carefully at the words both before and after each space.	
	Don't forget to turn out all the lights when you leave and sure the burglar alarm is switched on. Remember I showed you how to do it.	
7	Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо	for
	пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово. Обратите внимание на слова до и после пропуска.	

	Fill in a word that fits best into the blanks. Look carefully at the words both before and after each space.	
	Have you chosen a name your two dogs yet?	
8	Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо пропуска подходящее по смыслу	on
	слово. Обратите внимание на слова до и после пропуска.	
	Fill in a word that fits best into the blanks. Look carefully at the words both	
	before and after each space.	
	We don't know yet how successful the company will be this year. A lot	
	depends how our sales go in Asia.	
9	Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо	him
	пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово. Обратите внимание на слова до и после пропуска.	
	Fill in a word that fits best into the blanks. Look carefully at the words both before and after each space.	
	If you see Mr. Gordon, can you tell we need to speak as soon as possible.	
10	Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо	few
	пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово. Обратите внимание на слова	
	до и после пропуска.	
	Fill in a word that fits best into the blanks. Look carefully at the words both	
	before and after each space.	
	There were very people at the party when we arrived but half an	
	hour later, it was crowded.	
11	Прочитайте текст и вставьте вместо	have
	пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово. Обратите внимание на слова	
	до и после пропуска.	
	Fill in a word that fits best into the blanks. Look carefully at the words both	
	before and after each space.	
10	All passengers in a car to wear seat-belts in the UK.	D 11
12	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска	Don't
	подходящее по смыслу слово phone me at home tonight because I won't be there.	
	phone me at nome tonight because I won't be there.	
13	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска	as
13	подходящее по смыслу слово	as
	nogregation consisting energy	
	Katie isn't so friendly Ellen.	
	Nationally Ellon.	
	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска	some
	подходящее по смыслу слово	
	My grandparents gave me money for my birthday.	
14	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска	yet
	подходящее по смыслу слово	
	'Is Mark coming on the school trip? 'I don't know. I haven't asked him	

15	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово	going
	My sister doesn't like to school with me.	
16	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово	any
	I can eat almost type of fish or seafood except for octopus which I can't stand	
17	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово	to
	How was I to know that she would have an allergic reaction the nuts in the cake? She should have said something!	
18	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово	few
	There were very people at the party when we arrived but half an hour later, it was crowded	
19	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово	addition
	We offer free delivery on all products and, in, five years of guarantee.	
20	Прочитайте предложения и вставьте вместо каждого пропуска подходящее по смыслу слово	who
0.1	Tomorrow we are doing to visit my grandmother is living nearby.	
21	Заполните пропуск во втором предложении таким образом, чтобы оно имело схожее значение с первым предложением. Напишите от двух до пяти слов, включая выделенное слово (не меняя его).	not good at typing
	Use the <b>word in bold</b> to complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Write between two to five words.	
	I cannot type very well. (AT)	
	I am	
22		without saying
	Заполните пропуск во втором предложении таким образом, чтобы оно имело схожее значение с первым предложением. Напишите от двух	-
	до пяти слов, включая выделенное слово (не меняя его).	
	Use the <b>word in bold</b> to complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Write between two to five words.	

		_
	He left but he did not say goodbye. (WITHOUT)	
	He left goodbye.	
23	Заполните пропуск во втором предложении таким образом, чтобы оно имело схожее значение с первым предложением. Напишите от двух до пяти слов, включая выделенное слово (не меняя его).	before leaving
	Use the <b>word in bold</b> to complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Write between two to five words.	
	Switch off the lights, then you can leave. (BEFORE)	
	Switch off the lights	
24	Заполните пропуск во втором предложении таким образом, чтобы оно имело схожее значение с первым предложением. Напишите от двух до пяти слов, включая выделенное слово (не меняя его).	is bad at remembering
	Use the <b>word in bold</b> to complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Write between two to five words.	
	He does not always remember people's names. (BAD)	
	Hepeople's names.	
25	Заполните пропуск во втором предложении таким образом, чтобы оно имело схожее значение с первым предложением. Напишите от двух до пяти слов, включая выделенное слово (не меняя его).	by working
	Use the <b>word in bold</b> to complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Write between two to five words.	
	You can only improve if you work harder. (BY)	
	You can only improveharder.	

# 3) открытые задания (эссе, повышенный уровень сложности):10 баллов

Nº	Задание
1	Напишите описание своего города. Используйте данный ниже план.
	Write a description of your town or city (150-180 words). Plan what you're going to write using the paragraph notes below.
	Paragraph 1: Where do you live? Where is it? How big is it?
	Paragraph 2: What's your town like? What is there to see there?
	Paragraph 3: What's the weather like?
	Paragraph 4: What's it famous for?
	Paragraph 5: What's the best thing about it? Do you like living there?

2 Напишите о путешествии, в котором вы столкнулись с проблемой. Используйте данный ниже план.

Write about a journey where you had a problem (or invent one) to send to the magazine (150-180 words). Plan what you're going to write using the paragraph notes below.

Paragraph 1: When was the journey? Where were you going? Who with? Why?

Paragraph 2: What problem did you have? What happened?

Paragraph 3: What happened in the end?

3 Напишите описание фильма, который вы порекомендовали бы своему другу. Используйте данный ниже план.

Write a description of a film you would recommend to your friend (150-200 words). Plan what you're going to write using the paragraph notes below.

Paragraph 1: Include the following information: the name of the film, the director, the stars, and any prizes it won

Paragraph 2: where and when it is set, where it was filmed

Paragraph 3: the plot

Paragraph 4: why you recommend this film

4 Опишите ваше любимое фото, используя предложенный ниже план.

Describe your favourite photo (150-180 words). Plan what you're going to write using the paragraph notes below.

Paragraph 1: What's your favourite photo? Who took the photo? When? Where were you when you took the photo, and who were you with?

Paragraph 2: What was happening when you took the photo?

Paragraph 3: Why do you like it? Where do you keep it?

#### Критерии и шкалы оценивания заданий ФОС:

Для оценивания выполнения заданий используется балльная шкала:

# 1) закрытые задания (тестовые, средний уровень сложности):

- 1 балл указан верный ответ;
- 0 баллов указан неверный ответ (полностью или частично неверный).

# 2) открытые задания (тестовые, повышенный уровень сложности):

- 2 балла указан верный ответ;
- 0 баллов указан неверный ответ (полностью или частично неверный).

#### 3) открытые задания (мини-кейсы, средний уровень сложности):

- 5 баллов задание выполнено верно (получен правильный ответ, обоснован (аргументирован) ход выполнения (при необходимости));
- 2 балла выполнение задания содержит незначительные ошибки, но приведен правильный ход рассуждений, или получен верный ответ, но отсутствует обоснование хода его выполнения (если оно было необходимым), или задание выполнено не полностью, но получены промежуточные (частичные) результаты, отражающие правильность хода выполнения задания, или, в случае если задание состоит из нескольких подзаданий, верно выполнено 50% таких подзаданий;
- 0 баллов задание не выполнено или выполнено неверно (получен неправильный ответ, ход выполнения ошибочен или содержит грубые ошибки).

Задания раздела 20.3 рекомендуются к использованию при проведении диагностических работ с целью оценки остаточных результатов освоения данной дисциплины (знаний, умений, навыков).